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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

New York Stock Market excited; transactions yesterday aggregated 1,837,900 shares. —— Battleship Illinois at the Newport News shipyard will be ready for her trial trip about the middle of February. —— House of Representatives had another struggle over the Olmstead resolution; it was finally referred to the Census committee, as the opposition desired. —— Negotiations are in progress for settlement of the railroad tax cases. —— Generals Wheaton and Bates report many small captures and seizures of supplies, etc., in the Philippines. —— The Bank of Berkeley, Va., a private affair, has failed; liabilities $15,000. —— The Senate yesterday discussed the Army Reorganization bill. —— Earthquake shock in Missouri at 9:12 P. M. Thursday. —— Fire in Baltimore caused losses amounting to $70,000. —— Glasgow Manufacturing Company, of Massachusetts, is in the hands of a receiver. —— Claude Norden stabbed to death by Oscar Mann at Mobile, Ala. —— Two negro men taken from jail at Madison, Fla., and hanged by persons unknown. —— British will resort to force if Chinese guilty of massacres of Christians at Chue Now are not beheaded. —— J. Taylor Ellyson says he will not be a candidate for nomination for Governor of Virginia. —— New York markets: Money on call easier at 3½@5 per cent., the last loan being at 4½ per cent.; cotton dull, middling uplands 10½c.; flour was quiet and held with more confidence at old prices; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 82½c. f. o. b. afloat; corn—spot dull; No. 2 45¼c at elevator; rosin steady; strained common to good $1.75; spirits turpentine firmer at 40@40½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 4.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 35 degrees; 8 P. M., 43 degrees; maximum, 55 degrees; minimum, 34 degrees; mean, 40 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .02; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .97.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M., 10 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—For North Carolina: Fair Saturday; west to northwinds, fresh to brisk on the coast. Sunday fair.

Port Almanac—January 5.

Sun Rises	7.10 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.02 P. M.
Day's Length	9 H. 52 M.
High Water at Southport	7 30 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	10.00 A. M.

The late tax collector of the town of Altoona, Pa., is short $25,000 He was in the habit of sitting up late with the boys, who pokered him out of it.

Mark Hanna approves of the Salvation army. This being so the S. A. may proceed with business. It will take something of that kind to pull Mark through.

A statistician figures out that England's coal supply will hold out for about sixty years. But if she behaves herself and acts neighborly we will let her have enough to keep warm.

Senator Proctor's company, which owns the marble quarries of Vermont, has just bought the celebrated Carrara quarries of Italy, and thinks it will now have a dead sure thing on the tombstone and monument business.

Helen Gould has found a partner. He is a Polish tailor at Leadville, Colorado. She is not going into the tailoring business, but will stake the tailor to work some valuable mining claims, for which he agrees to go halves with her.

Over 80 juvenile criminals in the North Carolina penitentiary ought to be a strong argument for a reformatory. It is about time there was reformation in this business of sending young criminals to associate with old and confirmed ones.

The police department of Cincinnati, Ohio, felt so honored by a visit from the Duke and Duchess of Manchester that it presented the Duke with a bob-tail bulldog and the Duchess with a bulldog pistol with which a woman had given her husband an exit, as souvenirs.

A practical joker got in his work in Waterford, Ind., a couple days ago. He pulled a chair from under a young lady who was about to sit down, and enjoyed the joke until he found that his victim was fatally injured and that he would be held legally responsible for her death.

That Bethlehem, Pa., boy who was reported to have been kidnapped, wasn't kidnapped at all. He wanted to take a little excursion and invented that tale to escape a whipping. He is a cigarette smoker. But there is no accounting for the freaks of a boy who smokes cigarettes.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The *Algonquin* went down the river yesterday and will cruise for some time.

— The sunshine yesterday came as a welcome friend after the rainy period for the past week.

— The condition of the young man John Odam at the City Hospital was somewhat improved yesterday.

— Mr. J. L. Fennell has opened a commission house in the building next door north of Mr. W. J. Meredith on North Water street.

— Mr. W. S. Wishart, manager of Worth's ice depot on Dock street, reports having caught yesterday the first buck shad of the season.

— The annual meeting of the lot owners of Oakdale Cemetery will be held at the office of the company, No. 205½ Princess street, on Monday night at 8 o'clock.

— Spirits of turpentine went up with a bound yesterday on the local market. The closing quotations were firm at 36½ to 37 cents, with receipts of 40 casks.

— It is expected that Rev. J. M. Wells, who has recently been called to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church, will preach to that congregation to-morrow week.

— The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic National Bank and of the Murchison National Bank will be held Tuesday, January 8th, at their respective offices in this city.

— The STAR is under obligations to Mr. W. M. Cumming, Wilmington's enterprising real estate agent, for a handsome calendar for the current year. It is an original design by Mr. Cumming and forms a useful and attractive advertisement for his well-known agency.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Tomatoes.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
Opera House—My Daughter in Law.
Meeting-Lot-owners Oakdale Cem'y.
The Atlantic National Bank—Annual meeting of stockholders.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Two active men.
Wanted—Position to travel.

An Historic Church.

A STAR representative was told yesterday of the completion for the third time of a new house of worship for the congregation of Keith Presbyterian church, on Sampson road, in Pender county near the residence of Mr. A. C. Ward. The church was established in 1817 and is one of the oldest in Pender county and this section of the State. A new house of worship was dedicated in the year of the founding of the church; another in 1848, and now still another at the beginning of the new year and century. Through the instrumentality of Mrs. R. W. Collins, of Burgaw, a new Cornish organ has been installed for use in the church and through her persistent work it has all been paid for. Rev. D. P. McGeachy is pastor of the congregation.

Mr. and Mrs. MacRae Bereaved.

Friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh MacRae will sympathize with them deeply in the irreparable loss they have sustained in the death of their little daughter, Dorothy, aged nine years, which occurred at the family residence on Market street last evening, after an illness with typhoid fever covering a period of three weeks. The bereavement is especially sad with Mrs. MacRae, who only a short time ago mourned the death of her father at his home in a Western city.

The funeral will be conducted from the residence this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock by Rev. Frederick H. T. Horsfield, rector of St. James' Episcopal parish.

Wanted to Stow Away.

At the request of Captain Hill, of the British steamship *Chatfield*, Policeman W. C. Moore yesterday afternoon captured a Turkish sailor, Messafa Constantin, who had deserted his ship and who attempted to stow away on the revenue cutter *Algonquin*, which sailed yesterday afternoon. The cutter officers discovered their would be stow away before the ship sailed and turned him over to the officer. He will be kept at the station house until the *Chatfield* sails.

Reports of City Departments.

The heads of the various departments in the city government are rushing work on their annual statements for incorporation in the annual message, which will shortly be issued by Mayor Waddell for the information of the public. Several of these have already been completed and handed in, among them being the fire report, city physician's report and several of the Aldermanic committee reports.

May Play in City Hall.

The basket ball teams of the Y. M. C. A. are trying to arrange for an exhibition game to be played in the City Hall, provided the city authorities give their consent for the use of the hall by them. They propose to play the game at a date in the near future and will charge a small admission fee, which will be for the benefit of the gymnasium fund. The contest will no doubt be witnessed by a large audience, if it can be arranged.

— Messrs. George and Ed Kidder and Miss Grace Kidder left last night for New York.

ASSESSMENT CASES.

News of An Amicable Adjustment Came from Raleigh Last Night.

ABOUT $200,000 IS INVOLVED.

Proposition Came from the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad and Negotiations Are Now Pending—Agreement As to Future Valuations

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 4.—Negotiations are in progress for the settlement of the railroad taxation cases which have been in the Federal Court for the past two years and which involve over two hundred thousand dollars.

A proposition looking to the amicable adjustment of the matter was made by the railroads at the hearing in Wilmington this week, and pending its consideration the taking of further testimony was postponed. The proposition came from the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co., and as representatives of the other roads were not present, President Elliott has undertaken to secure their endorsement. It is expected that the result of his efforts will be made known early next week.

The terms of the proposed settlement are in effect as follows:

1st That the full assessment, as made by the Corporation Commission, on all the railroads, shall be paid at once, with interest and all costs of the case, except attorneys' fees.

2nd. That the Corporation Commission shall recommend to the Legislature a change in the assessment of railroad property, as follows: All real estate to be assessed for taxation once every four years, as private property now is, and all the roads' other property to be assessed annually as personal property now is.

Governor-elect Aycock was present in Wilmington when this proposition was made by Mr. Elliott, and agreed to by the counsel for the State. It is understood that it meets his hearty approval and it is believed that it will be accepted by the Seaboard and Southern.

"MY DAUGHTER-IN-LAW."

Mr. James K. Collier Now Manager of This Popular Attraction.

Mr. James K. Collier, having spent the holidays in this city with his parents, left for the South yesterday, where he went to assume the management of the Daniel Frohman Lyceum Theatre comedy success, "My Daughter-in-Law" Company, which is now en tour and which comes to the Wilmington Opera House next Tuesday evening, the 8th.

The production is creating much enthusiasm among North Carolina's society people, and it is expected that one of the largest audiences that Wilmington has turned out will be on hand to witness it. A double source of interest attaches to the play this season to the people of the State, inasmuch as two former residents, who have made great successes in their profession, are with the organization—Miss Marion Convere, formerly of Charlotte, and Wilmington's former townsman, Mr. James K. Collier, now associated with the management controlling the company.

Raising Up of Chiefs.

Deputy Grand Sachem J. M. McGowan assisted by Past Sachems J. R. Davis and Walker Taylor raised up the following chiefs to their respective stumps at the regular kindling of the council fire of Eyota Tribe, No. 5, Improved Order of Red Men, at the fourth sleep, cold moon, G. S. D. 410:

Sachem—J. A. Martin.
Senior Sagamore—W. E. Mann.
Junior Sagamore—M. E. Keathley.
Prophet—Walker Taylor.
Chief of Records—J. M. McGowan.
Keeper of Wampum—E. P. H. Strunck.
Keeper of Wigwam—J. R. Davis.
First Sannap—F. B. LeGwin.
Second Sannap—H. W. Strickland.
First Warrior—J. Wannamaker.
Second Warrior—Frank Green.
Third Warrior—F. K. J. Fuchs.
Fourth Warrior—H. McL. Green.
First Brave—R. D. Tucker.
Second Brave—J. W. Strickland.
Third Brave—W. V. Hardin.
Fourth Brave—Geo. L. Morton.
Guard of the Wigwam—J. R. Davis.
Guard of the Forest—Geo. W. Penny.

Returning Collegians.

Among the collegians who returned to their studies yesterday on the outgoing trains from Wilmington were Messrs. D. Archie Bulluck, Adolph Ahrens, William M. Bellamy, M. C. Guthrie, Jr., of Southport, Preston Cumming, Jr. and Milton Calder, to the University at Chapel Hill; Miss Neppie Borden to Greensboro Female College; Mr. James Craig, of Southport, to Trinity College; Mr. Gilbert Wessell to Newberry College; Miss Louise Harper to Salem Female College; Mr. Dick Dunn to the Virginia Polytechnic Institute at Blacksburg, Va.

Visited the Elk's Home.

Quite a number of ladies visited the Elks' Temple upon the occasion of the first "Ladies' Day" yesterday afternoon and all were pleased to find it so handsomely furnished and well arranged. The visitors were received by Mr. H. J. Gerken, the exalted ruler, and other members of the lodge.

OPERA HOUSE NEXT WEEK.

Notable Attraction Tuesday Evening in Which Miss Jones, of Charlotte, Will Appear in the Leading Role.

Miss Marion Convere, Mrs. Ida Jeffreys Goodfriend, Mr. Douglas J. Wood and an excellent company come to the Opera House next Tuesday night in a bright and new successful comedy farce, entitled "My Daughter-in Law," which is an adaptation from the French and was written by Mons. Carre and Bilhaud, two of the most accomplished and successful writers of comedy to-day.

A mother-in-law for some unaccountable reason takes a violent dislike to a young and pretty daughter in law; she plots continuously to discover something against the young woman, on account of which she might induce her son to agree to a separation. The latter, however, is very much in love with his young wife and stoutly defends her, while at the same time he strives to maintain a dutiful attitude towards his maternal parent. The daughter in-law is alert in mind, as well as young and pretty, and manages to easily circumvent her arrogant relative in the end.

This attraction will no doubt be greeted by the largest house of the season from the fact that Miss Convere (Miss Connie Jones, of Charlotte) appears in the leading role. Miss Jones is a daughter of Col. Hamilton C. Jones, of the Queen City, and belongs to one of the most distinguished families of the South and is, withal, an actor possessing rare histrionic talent.

By special arrangement there will be no increase in prices. The advance sale will open at Gerken's Monday morning.

FOOT BALL GAME YESTERDAY.

Cape Fear Academy Team Defeated Wilmington High School in Afternoon.

In an interesting foot ball game yesterday afternoon at the O. A. N. grounds, the Cape Fear Academy defeated the Wilmington High School in a score of 20 to 0.

The line-up of the teams was as follows:

C. F. A.		W. H. S.
Rosenmann	C.	James
Meares	R. G.	Vick
Holmes	L. G.	Kenan
Wessell, L.	R. T.	Reilly
Daniels	L. T.	Payne
Smith	L. E.	Bellamy
Register	R. E.	Hall
Peschau, E.	Q. B.	Hashagen
Crow	F. B.	Webster
Wescott	R. H. B.	Duffy
Yopp	L. H. B.	Craft

Umpire—Galloway.
Linesman—Hall.
Timekeeper—Wessell, A.
Referee—Perchau, W.

There were no special features of the game, but those who deserve special mention for all round good work were Yopp, Wescott, Crow, Smith and Peschau of the Cape Fear team, and Craft, Duffy and Webster of the Wilmington High School eleven.

LEGWIN PRINTING COMPANY.

Incorporation Asked by the State for a New Wilmington Industry.

Application was made yesterday through the Clerk of the Superior Court for a charter for the LeGwin Printing Company, with a capital stock of $2,000 divided into twenty shares of the par value of $100 each. The incorporators named in the application are L. M. LeGwin, Sarah C. LeGwin and T. T. Seeders, and the period of duration of the incorporation is asked for 30 years.

The new company, which is the practical successor to LeGwin Bros., will do all kinds of printing, book work, lithographing, etc.

A Member of Lowry Gang.

The following story, which comes from Raleigh, will be read with interest by many STAR readers:

"The oldest convict in the penitentiary, Andy Winecoff, colored, will depart in March. He was an office boy for Governor Vance when the latter practiced law in Charlotte. Andy committed a crime, ran away and turned up in Robeson county with the Henry Berry Lowry outlaws, was tried and sentenced and was on the gallows with the rope around his neck, when Governor Vance commuted his sentence to life imprisonment. Andy has always been a good prisoner. Two years ago he was offered a pardon, but declined to accept it as long as Capt. Bill Day was superintendent, but would take it when Capt. Day's term ended, which is in March."

County Chain Gang Reinforced.

Police Sergeants Davis and Williams and Policemen W. B. Brown and Frank George rounded up a party of seven colored vagrants at the power house of the Wilmington Street Railway Company yesterday morning and as they were arrayed before Mayor Waddell in the municipal court yesterday, he perceived in them excellent material for the county chain gang. Accordingly he sent five of them—Robert Hennegan, Zed Sampson, Tom Covington, J. H. Thompson and Needham Hall—to Superintendent Chadwick, who will guard their welfare for thirty days each, and Son Carlton and Illinois Bethea were requested to change their residence at once.

Pender Superior Court.

The jury in the case of the Pender Lumber Company vs. the Wilmington Iron Works for an alleged breach of contract yesterday returned a verdict in the Superior Court now in special session at Burgaw allowing the plaintiffs $750 damages. A suit in which the Iron Works Company is plaintiff against the Lumber Company will likely be concluded to-day. Attorneys in the case are Stevens, Beasley and Weeks and Jno. T. Kerr, Esq., for the Company and Iredell Meares and J. T. Bland, Esq., for the Iron Works.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs T. F. Simmons is visiting at Faison.

— Mr. J. R. Singletary, of Clarkton, was here yesterday.

— Miss Mary Higgins has returned from Rocky Mount.

— Mrs. C. L. Taylor and children returned last night from Fayetteville.

— Miss Mamie McGirt is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. A. Smoot, in Fayetteville.

— Mr. G. B. D. Parker, of Chinquepin, Duplin county, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Miss Mary Moore, of Burgaw, after a visit to Mrs. W. T. Bannerman, returned home last night.

— Miss Myrtie Stevens and Master John Stevens, of Clinton, passed through the city yesterday on their return from a visit to Charlotte.

— Miss Lillian Dean Caldwell, of Sweetwater, Tenn., arrived last evening on a visit to Miss Katie Monroe.

— Miss Lou Smith, of McCall, S. C., is the guest of her brother, Mr. H. W. Smith, No. 818 North Fourth street.

— Mrs. L. B. Pennington and Mrs. Joseph H. Hinton returned last night from Rocky Mount, accompanied by Miss Lizzie Snyder, of that town.

— Messrs. George W. Penny, Oscar Edwards, Owen Fulford and W. F. Penny yesterday returned from a two day's gunning trip around Abbottsburg, N. C.

— Misses Lillie Sandlin and Elizabeth Frank, of Richlands, Onslow county, passed through the city yesterday on their way to visit the family of Dr. A. V. Goodman, of Town Creek.

— Solicitor Rodolph Duffy, of Jacksonville, and Mr. B. B. Nixon and Dr. Franks, of Newbern, who have been on a hunting expedition at Little River, S. C., returned yesterday afternoon on the steamer *Compton*.

— Mr. J. A. Stone and sister, Miss Susie Stone, of Shallotte, N. C., arrived in the city yesterday and are guests of relatives in the city. Miss Stone will leave Monday to resume her studies at Oxford Seminary, Oxford, N. C.

HANOVER LODGE, I. O. O. F.

Installed Officers Last Night and Had Delightful Social Session Afterward.

The recently elected officers of Hanover Lodge No. 145, I. O. O. F., were last night installed by Grand Master Marcus W. Jacobi, assisted by Past Grands A. Robertson, grand warden; E. F. Johnson, grand secretary; N. Jacobi, grand treasurer; J. J. Hopkins, grand marshal; C. H. O'Berry, grand conductor; N. M. Hunt, grand guard, and R. P. Johnson, grand herald:

P. G.—Ed. N. Penny.
N. G.—C. F. Williams.
V. G.—C. R. Spooner.
R. S.—S. G. Hall.
F. S.—B. W. Dunham.
T.—W. H. Howell.
O. G.—M. C. Raynor.
I. G.—O. A. Matthews.
Warden—Ed. F. Lewis.
Conductor—J. T. Burke.
R. S. to N. G.—Jno. E. Wood.
L. S. to N. G.—E. F. Johnson.
R. S. to V. G.—L. A. Hewlett.
L. S. to V. G.—W. T. Butler.
R. S. S.—W. W. Thigpen.
L. S. S.—R. T. Pickett.
Chaplain—J. D. Webster.

After the exercises there was a spread of refreshments and a delightful season spent in social intercourse and informal speech-making. The occasion, as it always is with Hanover Lodge, was one full of good cheer and fellowship.

THE TWO-STATE BASE BALL LEAGUE.

Manager Ashenback Touring North Carolina in Its Interests.

Mr. Ed ("Money") Ashenback, to whom has been delegated by the promoters of the Virginia-Carolina Base Base League the power to select the four North Carolina cities in which base ball will be a profitable game in connection with the four cities in Virginia, left Norfolk yesterday morning for a trip through this State, during which he will visit Wilmington and all the other cities under consideration. He will make a report of his tour at the adjourned meeting to be held at the Monticello Hotel, Norfolk, on January 16th.

The visit of Mr. Ashenback to Wilmington is expected to infuse new life in local base ball circles and upon the conditions he finds here upon his arrival will depend much the question whether the city will enjoy league ball next season or not.

Mr. Ashenback has the franchise for the Newport News-Hampton Club and is quoted as having said that he is very anxious to have Wilmington join the league.

Organ Will Be Ordered.

The fund raised by the Young People's Organ Fund Society of Grace M. E. Church now amounts to $3,137. It is confidently expected that within the next two months the sum will be swelled to $3,500 and the new organ for which the ladies of the church have worked so faithfully and zealously, will be ordered.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

TO SUCCEED FAIRCLOTH.

Governor Russell's Endorsement for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 4.—Governor Russell to-day received further endorsement from the Bar of the State for his appointment as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. These endorsements were from Wilmington, Winston, Charlotte and Dobson. Among the signers at Winston was Cyrus B. Watson, who ran against him for Governor on the Democratic ticket.

Beyond this there were no developments here to-day, though Russell, Harris and Reynolds are now in Washington conferring with Pritchard and other leaders in regard to the matter.

The best opinion here now is that the next Chief Justice will be either Russell or Charles A. Cook.

DROWNED AT MARKET DOCK.

Unknown Person Fell Overboard Early This Morning.

An unknown white or colored man fell overboard this morning about 12:30 o'clock at Market street dock and was drowned. His body has not yet been recovered and his identity could not be established before day this morning.

Policeman Frank George was coming up Water street at the hour indicated and saw the man, as if intoxicated reel and fall into the water in the dock about half or two thirds the length of the projection into the river. He hastened to the spot as soon as possible but was too late to save the man and only saw indications of the commotion of the water into which he had fallen. There was no hat or other floating objects by which the person could be identified.

Captain of Police Furlong visited the scene soon after the drowning and dragged for the body with improvised implements, but to no avail. A flat was tied up near the spot, but inquiry revealed that none of the crew was missing. Policeman George could not tell whether the man was white or black, but was of ordinary height and wore a black suit.

A, C. L. May Get Contract.

Salisbury *Sun*: "A former resident of Salisbury, but now living in Rocky Mount, and who has been visiting in the city, told a *Sun* man last night that it is rumored at his present home that the Atlantic Coast Line will get Uncle Sam's big mail contract this year for carrying the fast mail South. The mail is now being carried by the Southern. The Coast Line, he says, has bought two new engines and is making preparations for it, according to the talk."

The Chief Justiceship.

Raleigh Post: "A telegram was received by the Governor yesterday from Marsden Bellamy, Esq., stating that a petition had been signed by Wilmington lawyers requesting that he resign to make himself eligible for appointment as Chief Justice.

"Some of the Governor's close friends still think he will give the appointment to Col. Charles A. Cook. That it will be Cook or Russell there seems to be little doubt."

Will Entertain Miss Jones.

The STAR learns that upon the occasion of Miss Connie Jones' appearance here in "My Daughter-in-Law," which will be seen at the theatre Tuesday evening, she will be entertained after the performance with a reception given in her honor by Mrs. Broadnax, corner of Third and Chesnut streets.

Church Notices.

Bladen Street Methodist Church: Rev. J. J. Porter will preach at 11 A. M., and at the evening service.

Rev. P. C. Morton will preach at Delgado Mills Sunday morning at usual hour, and at 3.30 in the afternoon.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., pastor; 11 A. M. "Annual Roll Call, and Testimonies 7.30 P. M., "In the Beginning."

First Presbyterian Church: Divine service at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M., conducted by Rev. John W. Paxton. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8 P. M. The public cordially invited.

Southside Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. R. H. Herring, pastor. Services 11 o'clock A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting service every Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure pastor. Sabbath services at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8 P. M. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Fayseur pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 4.00 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Fifth Street Methodist Church, situated on Fifth street between Nun and Church, Rev. John H. Hall, pastor. Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday afternoon at 3.00 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole. Services Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Sunday School, W. B. Cooper, supt., 3.30 p. m Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

DIED.

MACRAE—DOROTHY, daughter of Hugh and Rena N. MacRae, aged 9 years.

Funeral from residence at 3.30 o'clock this (Saturday) afternoon. Interment at Oakdale. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Annual Meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the lot owners of Oakdale Cemetery will be held at the company's office, 205½ Princess street, on Monday, January 7th, at 8 o'clock.

RICHARD J. JONES, Sec. and Treas.
January 4th, 1901. Jan 5 2t

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.



DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Something New.
Nut Butter.

Have you seen any of this new table delicacy? If not, call at the Unlucky Corner and try it. Manufactured by The Suburban Nut Product Co. Sold by
Jan 1 1w S. W. SANDERS.

Opera House
Tuesday, January 8th.
MISS MARION CONVERE,
MRS. IDA JEFFREYS GOODFRIEND,
Supported by
Mr. DOUGLAS J. WOOD
and a special company, presenting
The Lyceum Theatre, N. Y., Comedy Success,
"My Daughter-in-Law."
By Fabrice Carre and Paul Bilhaud.
Management of S. Goodfriend.
Prices, $1.00, .75 and .50c. Sale opens at Gerken's Monday morning. Jan 5 3t

A Few Goods Left

FROM CHRISTMAS WILL BE SOLD AT COST PRICE. BANANAS, ORANGES, MALAGA GRAPES, OF VERY FINE QUALITY ARE INCLUDED IN THE LIST.

ANDREW MAVRONICHOLS,
dec 28 tf 119 Market street, 705 North Fourth street.

THE SUREST WAY!
To please woman-kind

Is to give them something to beautify the home. To do this without much cost make a selection from my stock of Bamboo and Oak novelties—something New, Novel, Useful and Cheap.

N. F. PARKER.
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
111 Market street.
Bell 'Phone 613; Inter-State 421.
Open every evening this week. dec 19 tf

SPECIAL BARGAINS

in Fancy Clocks and Silver Novelties Will sell at very close profits. Call and examine my line of goods and get my prices, and suit yourself as to where you buy. Notice the Show Windows.

J. T. BURKE,
The Jeweler.
No. 27 South Front street.
dec 23 tf

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States in the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of L. K. Adley, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of L. K. Adley, of Fayetteville, in the county of Cumberland, in said district, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1901, the said L. K. Adley was duly adjudged a bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1901, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of the referee in Fayetteville, N. C. At which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.
Dated Fayetteville, N. C., January 4, 1901.
SAMUEL H MACRAE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
jan 5 1t

N. C. Tomatoes
Just Received.

Fancy Yellow Bananas, 15c doz.
Florida Oranges, ... 35c doz.
Apples, Pears, Grapes.
Cocoanuts.

All kinds of fresh Candies cheap.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
jan 5 tf 201 Princess street. Inter-State 'Phone 132.

We thank each customer

For his business during 1900. Continue with us if you please. New customers badly wanted.

A. E. BRUNSON, A. F. PADRICK,
J. F. BLIZZARD, F. D. McLEAN
will call for your orders.

W. A. COLWELL and I. W. COOPER will wait on you at headquarters, 308, 310 and 312 Nutt street.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer.
jan 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

"Cuban Blossom Cigars."

Unexcelled—unsurpassed by none.

Vollers & Hashagen,
—Distributors.—
dec 23 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Atlantic National Bank
of Wilmington.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors will be held on Tuesday, January 8, at eleven o'clock.

ANDREW MORELAND,
Cashier.
jan 5 tf

ANOTHER CARGO SALT,
Sailed from New York on 8th inst.
Assorted Sizes of Sacks.

Rust Proof Oats for seed.
Very fine quality N. C.

Molasses—Pure, straight goods.
Grain, Hay, Lime, Cement.
CANNED GOODS.
CHEESE AND CRACKERS.
All sorts of best quality.
Heavy Groceries.

LOW FOR CASH.
THE WORTH CO.
nov 13 tf

The Murchison National Bank
of Wilmington.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors will be held on Tuesday, January 8, at eleven o'clock.

J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jan 4 tf

Apples.

Evaporated Apples,
Baldwin Apples,
Raisins,
C. C. Nuts,
Mixed and Penny Candy,
Full line of Heavy Groceries.

SEND US YOUR ORDERS.

S. P. McNair,
dec 2 tf NORTH WATER STREET.

At The-:-
-:-Unlucky Corner.

BIG PRUNES, 25 TO THE POUND.
RED CRANBERRIES.
TURKEYS, DEAD AND ALIVE.
JELLY, MINCE MEAT, RAISINS.
CURRANTS, CITRON.
SMOKED BEEF TONGUES.

We can't bake your cake, but can furnish the best of everything to go in it.

-:-Send me your orders.

-:-S. W. SANDERS-:-
dec 9 tf

TRADE AND TRAFFIC.
THAT'S OUR BUSINESS.

We have Ground Pepper, Castor Oil, Lemon, Vanilla, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Spices, Salts, Seal Skin Smoking Tobacco, Fancy and Cheap Plug Tobacco and Snuff, Cakes, Candies, Oranges, Apples, Fish, Meat, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Molasses and other Groceries for sale.

WE DON'T ASK FOR THE CASH

Just send us your Cotton, Spirits, Rosin, Tar, Eggs, Chickens, Turkeys, Cattle, Timber, Potatoes, Peas, Pork, and all Country Produce. We have time to sell it and we keep up with markets, get your goods cheap and sell your Produce for best prices.

T. D. LOVE,
114 North Water street.
Steamers for Fayetteville, N. C. Freight and passengers. Monday and Thursday leave 3 o'clock P. M.
nov 28 tf T. D. LOVE, General Manager.

We beg to extend to the friends and patrons of Hall & Pearsall
Our Best Wishes for a
Happy and Prosperous New Year.
Entering the 20th Century as successors to that firm, we ask from old friends as well as new, a still more liberal patronage, which by diligence and fair dealings we hope to merit.
Respectfully,
HALL & PEARSALL, Incorporated.
jan 2 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 5.

THE THREE RIVAL NATIONS

In our editorial yesterday, suggested by the remarks of ex-President Harrison at the dedication of Columbia Club house in Indianapolis, we presented a table showing how this country had caught up with the United Kingdom in the exports of domestic merchandise, and this within a quarter of a century.

The three great manufacturing and commercial nations to-day are the United States, Great Britain and Germany, the first and last comparatively young as manufacturing nations. In line with this we reproduce the following from the Chicago *Times-Herald*:

"Two things are always throwing the British public into conniptions—talk of the sacking of London by the French and the loss of British trade. Just now it is the latter that sends convulsive chills up and down the rheumatic back of the London *Times*, and British commercial supremacy is said to be threatened by the rivalry of the United States and Germany.

"A local contemporary yesterday presented a diagram showing how British trade had been overtaken and outstripped by American trade and was being hard pressed by German trade. If such a diagram could have been printed in London it would have set all the bells tolling, the Bank of England would have been draped in crape, and the whole city would have squatted down in sackcloth and ashes to mourn over the passing of England's commercial glory.

"The diagram purported to give the relative volume of American, British and German trade during the five years from 1894 to 1898 inclusive, but was in fact confined to exports only. Even in this respect it was a deliberately misleading diagram, because of the choice of the year 1898 showed the British exports at the lower water mark since 1895.

"According to the latest available statistics the foreign trade of the three countries in 1894 and 1899 was as follows:

	—Total imports and exports— 1894	1899
United Kingdom	$3,410 [illegible]	$4,073,7[illegible] 5,000
United States	1,[illegible]	2,074 313 000
Germany	1,834 253 000	2,186,744 00[illegible]

"The most remarkable feature of this table is its demonstration that the foreign trade of the United Kingdom in 1899 was almost as great as that of the United States and Germany combined. In 1894 it was actually greater.

"It will be perceived that while the trade of the United States and Germany together has increased in the past five years more rapidly than that of the United Kingdom, the absolute increase of British commerce during that period has been $663 000 000 to $573,000,000 for America and $352,000,000 for Germany.

"Not until the absolute annual increase of American trade exceeds that of the United Kingdom will we begin to overhaul commercial supremacy. As our foreign trade for the fiscal year ended June 30 1900, reached the record figures of $2,244 424,623, there is little doubt that for the calendar year it will pass that of Germany and begin the stern chase after the leader.

"We have youth, wealth and energy on our side and must eventually win."

Notwithstanding that this is written in a somewhat jocular strain it suggests some thoughts that will go far to explain the remarkable progress of this country and of Germany, and others that will account for why Great Britain must fall to the rear as an exporting nation. The inventive, constructive genius of the American, his self-confidence and enterprising spirit, the abundance of coal, iron, copper and other metals with other raw materials used in manufactures, were prime factors in this country's rapid progress. These conditions still obtain, and while they do this country will have a decided advantage over any competitor not possessed of such advantages, and there is no other country in the world that is.

Twenty-five years ago Germany was to all intents and purposes an agricultural country, and when she resolved to enter the field of manufactures she wisely concluded that to succeed she must equip herself to compete with other nations which had established reputations in the markets of the world. To do this she must have intelligent, skilled labor, and she proceeded at once and systematically to establish technical schools throughout the empire. The result soon was an army of skilled, ambitious workingmen to take places in the manufactories which were established, to become not only managers and workmen but also the teachers of other workmen. Her motto was that "what is worth doing is worth doing well" and realizing that to secure permanent success German goods must compare favorably with the goods of other nations, so much so as to find sale upon their merits, she aimed to make goods that filled her ideal. Therefore she entered the markets with confidence, not only in the world at large but boldly invaded the countries with which she competed, (as this country has been doing) sold her goods in them and sold them on their merits. They bore the national endorsement in the brand "made in Germany," which was a certificate of character and a recommendation even in the marts of English cities with whose manufactures these German goods competed. This is an illustration of what merit does, and an illustration also of what a potent factor intelligent and skilled labor is in achieving progress and success in commercial enterprise. While Germany continues in this course, and honestly aims at excellence her manufactures will command recognition in the markets of the world, and other things being equal she will hold a leading position.

Knowing the main cause of Germany's success as a manufacturing nation, should not this country, and especially the South, which is becoming a great manufacturing section, profit by it, and establish nurseries of intelligent skilled labor? No other people in the world possess the same talent for quickly mastering the work of the hand, and the skilful manipulation of labor-saving machinery. But with all our natural talent for these things there is still a scarcity of skilled labor, because our manufactories have increased so rapidly and their products been so largely multiplied. There ought to be scores of these schools throughout the country and no Southern State should be without one or more of them, for in the march of progress skilled labor will be one of the South's greatest needs and the lack of it one of her greatest drawbacks. Great Britain neglected this and her manufacturers paid the penalty when the skilled workmen of Germany sent their goods into the British markets and took trade from the home makers, not because their goods were much cheaper but because they were much better. Skill is no small factor is cheapening production.

Leaving Russia out of the question for some time to come, the rivals of the future are to be the United States and Germany, when it will to a large extent be a contest of skill against skill, which emphasizes the necessity of an abundance of skilled labor in this country. Great Britain must drop to the rear because her coal supplies are becoming exhausted and she is even now importing iron. She will with her characteristic pluck fight obstinately, but she will go down all the same, for she cannot escape the inevitable.

CONVICT LABOR.

For many years the question of how to employ penitentiary convicts has been a live one in this country, how to employ them and make them self-supporting and useful at the same time without putting their labor in competition with labor outside of the prisons.

North Carolina has tried to solve the problem by working them on State farms, and hiring them out for railroad construction, which is only a partial solution, for even in this way their labor comes somewhat into competition with other labor.

The STAR has repeatedly urged that the best way to employ them is in road-building, and has illustrated it by citing Mecklenburg county, where several thousand miles of admirable roads have been constructed with the labor mainly of county convicts. This idea is favored in other States, and is now attracting attention in the State of New York, where it has been tried by some of the counties with as satisfactory results as it has been in Mecklenburg, in this State. From there the idea is spreading to other States as will be seen by the following, which we clip from the Cleveland, Ohio, *Leader*:

"The warden of the Kings county, N. Y., penitentiary has succeeded in arousing interest in a road-building project which he is advocating, and if his plans can be carried out a long step will have been taken in the direction of the solution of the problem as to what should be done with convict labor. He proposes that a highway be constructed from New York to Buffalo, a distance of more than 400 miles, and the work be performed entirely by convicts. He thinks the road could be completed in ten years without expense to the State, in view of present conditions.

"There are several strong arguments in favor of road-building by convicts. In the first place, it would take the convicts out of competition with free labor in industrial lines. In the second place, it would give the prisoners healthful outdoor employment. In the third place, it would devote the labor of the convicts to improvements which would be of benefit to the people.

"Many of the finest roads in Europe are constructed and kept in repair by convict labor, and in view of the constant agitation for good roads, and also against the leasing of convict labor to contractors engaged in the manufacture of goods sold in the open market in competition with the products of free labor, there is no reason why the inauguration of such a plan in the United States should not be favored.

"Experience has taught that it is bad policy to maintain convicts in idleness—bad for the men as well as costly and extravagant for the State—and there is no doubt that the giving of employment in the open air at road building or similar work would have a very beneficial reformatory effect upon a large percentage of the prisoners."

We have in round numbers twelve hundred penitentiary convicts in this State. Several hundred of them are employed on the farms, others hired out. The State derives no benefit from their labor, save the reduction it may make in the cost of keeping them. If these convicts, or as many of them as practicable, were put to work upon the public roads, on some well organized plan, what an admirable system of roads we could have in ten or twelve years, and at an insignificant cost.

There is so much to be said in favor of this way of employing convicts the wonder is that it was not adopted long ago. As developers and promoters of progress and prosperity good roads are the next thing to railroads, to which they would become valuable tributaries.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, who is quarantined in that Kansas jail because there is smallpox in the prison, has issued a proclamation urging her crusaders to arm themselves with "consecrated rocks, clubs, hatchets," etc., and relentlessly wage the war of smash until the saloons capitulate unconditionally.

SIGNIFICANT UTTERANCES.

In the debate on the army bill in the Senate, Thursday, Senator Hawley, replying to Senator Bacon, said:

"We are not altogether out of sight of some possibility of war with some European power. We do not know. They are in a great deal of trouble there and I understand they look with very great jealousy upon our talk of a Danish island, and our talk about acquiring other territory."

In reply to an inquiry by Senator Bacon as to how long it would be necessary to keep such a large army in the Philippines, Senator Carter replied, "the word 'indefinite' fits the situation very well."

These are remarkable utterances coming from two Republican Senators. For some time we have been turning longing eyes to the Danish West Indies, for which it is proposed to pay some $4,000,000 or $5,000,000. We haven't any particular use for them, but are going on the principle of Mrs. Toodles, who bought things at auction not because she needed them but because she considered them cheap and thought they might be handy sometime to have around. It is a sort of dog-in-the-manger business with us. We have no use for the islands but we do not want any other country to have them, and therefore we propose to invest several millions in them at the risk of provoking war with some other power, as some of the European nations look with "jealousy" upon this scheme, and other territory grabbing schemes, which the Senator does not name, but probably he refers to the Philippines. This is an admission of probable future conflicts growing out of these land-grabbing schemes, which is one one of the strong arguments against them made by the opponents of the McKinley style of expansion. Just as England has done by her grasping policies we are making enemies out of nations which were friendly as long as we kept on our own hemisphere, and didn't get tangled up in their affairs.

Senator Carter emphasizes the significance of Senator Hawley's remarks, when he admits that the large army will be required in the Philippines "indefinitely," notwithstanding the fact that we have been repeatedly assured that the war was over there, and that the people were tumbling over each other in the rush to proclaim their allegiance to the United States.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Century for January is a gem, superbly illustrated and filled with a list of contents that will interest any reader. The list covers a wide range of topics, in which the reader for information and the reader for mere entertainment will find an abundance. Address The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

The Ladies' Home Journal for January is a beautiful number, and as interesting as it is beautiful. The front of the cover is an artistic gem, and every page is handsomely illustrated. The abundant reading matter in it is not only interesting, but valuable in any household. Published by The Curtis Company, Philadelphia.

Everybody's Magazine, published by John Wanamaker, in New York, is an interesting, handsomely illustrated monthly, in which the reader will find much to entertain. North Carolina readers, especially, will be interested "Joscelyn Cheshire," which begins in the December number, by Sarah Beaumont Kennedy, an illustrated story of the revolution, founded in North Carolina, whose chief characters were born and bred in this State. In addition to this there is an abundance of matter to interest the general reader. Address, Everybody's Magazine, New York.

Mrs. John J. Meade, of Derby, Connecticut, is the heroine of that burg, and it came around in this way: She is a widow, living alone. A few days ago she received a considerable sum of money, insurance on her late husband's life. Presumably aware of this, some burglars concluded it would be a good time to make a nocturnal visit to the Meade home. Preferring the back to the front entrance, they were busily engaged in projecting with the lock, when she armed with her husband's pistol, crept down stairs, and appeared on the scene. The apparition frightened them, they ran, she followed for two blocks, emptied the seven chambers of her revolver at the fugitives, by which time she was tired running, and the people living on the street, called out by the fusillade, formed a procession and escorted her home in triumph.

Cold Steel Or Death.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach troubles and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvelous power of Electric Bitters to cure Stomach and Liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mr. R. P. Tarleton, an aged citizen of New Salem township, was found dead in bed at the home of his son, Mr. Wm. Tarleton, last Saturday morning. The deceased had been in failing health for a long while.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: Mr. J. Crawford Ratcliff, a merchant of Rockingham, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy.—— Mr. Archibald Benton died at his home in Richmond county on Wednesday of last week. He was 70 years old and a confederate veteran.

— Newbern *Journal*: John Manning escaped from the barracks across Neuse river Wednesday night and is at liberty. Sometime during the night he pried up one end of the building with a board sufficiently to allow him to crawl under. How he managed to take off his manacles is unknown, but they were removed from his legs and left behind. They were set by a small set screw which cannot be worked without the proper instrument. This is Manning's fourth escape, twice from the jail and twice from the working gang on the roads.

— Salisbury *Truth-Index*: Wednesday was our South River correspondent's birthday and he tells us that there is a chain of strange events in his family. He has a sister born on New Year's day, he on the second, his mother on the third, father and brother upon the eighth, another brother upon the tenth, and still another upon the twelfth. His parents were married on January 12th, 1865. Both father and mother were born in January. His mother also died on the date of his father's birth.

— Mount Airy *News*: Material is being placed on the ground for the Mount Airy Furniture Company's new factory. The new building is to be larger than the old one, and both factories are to be operated to their fullest capacity, giving regular employment to twice the number of hands now working for this company. This is a great forward movement and is the beginning of "the new order of things." The year 1901 promises to be a hummer. Unless all signs fail, Mount Airy will become noted for its wood-working industries during the next few years.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The Winston citizens who were indicted in the Federal court at Charlotte on the charge of interfering with the voters at the November election, will be required to give one good dollar bond each. Warrants were served on several of the defendants Wednesday. They will have no trouble in giving bond on Saturday when the cases come up before the United States Commissioner. ——Phillip Lybook, postmaster of Winston Salem, died Wednesday in a hospital at Philadelphia. He was carried to the hospital the latter part of October.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Say you will be mine, Gwendolyn, and I'll swear—" "So will papa."—*Chicago American.*

— The Ten-Year-Old — "Papa promises me fifty cents if I get on the roll of merit. Put me there, sir, and I will give you twenty-five cents."—*Le Rire.*

— Penelope—"She says she is only forty." Patrice—"She certainly holds her age well." "You mean she holds it down well, I suppose."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Sally Gay—"Wally Softsmith is a great flatterer, isn't he?" Dolly Swift—"Oh, yes, he always talks as if he were dictating an epitaph for one's tombstone."—*Judge.*

— Peter—"Why should the anchor be the symbol of hope?" Patrice—"Well, I suppose it is because when a girl tells a man there is hope she expects to anchor him."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Might Fill the Bill: Lady—"I want a dog that will look terribly fierce, but won't ever bite." Dealer (meditatively)—"I guess you'd better get an iron one, mum."—*New York Weekly.*

— A Sad Story: "My boy," said the great man, "I used to shine shoes myself." "Well replied the bootblack, "dey's a hull lot of the guys what is led astray."—*Philadelphia North American.*

— "I like to have my husband go hunting" "Does he hit anything?" "I don't think so; but, as I never ask any questions about the game he brings home, he always buys me a handsome present of some kind."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Mrs. Starvem—"How do you like the chicken salad, Mr. Joaksmith?" Mr. Joaksmith—"Oh! that reminds me—I bought a book that was to be sent home to day. Did it come?" Mrs Starvem—"Yes; but why should the chicken salad remind you of it?" Mr Joaksmith—"Well, the book is half-calf."—*Philadelphia Press*

— Porter Ashe, a lawyer of San Francisco, had a client who wanted a divorce from his spouse. By way of cause, he complained that his wife made a practice of throwing things at his dog. "You can't get a divorce on that," explained Ashe. "The worst of it is," complained the husband, "every time she throws at the dog she hits me."—*San Francisco Wave.*

WILMINGTON DISTRICT APPOINTMENTS.

The appointments of Rev R. B. John, Presiding Elder, for the month of January are as follows:

Carver's Creek circuit, Wayman, Jan. 5 6.

Atlantic, Shallotte, Jan. 11, 12.
Southport, Jan. 13, 14.
Burgaw, Rocky Point, Jan 19, 20.
Scott's Hill, Scott's Hill, Jan. 26, 27.

—— Mr. Alfred Harmsworth's idea of journalism seems to be "news," and little or nothing else. This would, to be sure, avoid the slush of yellow journals, but it would dam up that little overflow of human nature which, when well regulated, gives news a charm and increases gayety. The art of the modern reporter of the first-class is often rough, but is often high. We can't think that it is all in vain.—*New York Sun, Rep.*

A Night Of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning" writes Mrs S H Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from Pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of Consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50 cents and $1 00. Trial bottles 10c at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— What an exhibit of British plight is that when 210,000 English soldiers cannot round up and capture about 15,000 Boers. Either the Boers are the greatest fighters in the world or the British are degenerates.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— It is generally agreed that there is one problem that ought to be solved some time during the coming century, and the sooner the better. It is the solution of the question as to how to maintain industrial peace and prevent labor strikes. An occasional application of the golden rule would be one way.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— A Federal army officer stationed at Manila observes in a letter published by the *Army and Navy Journal*, that any man passing three miles outside of Manila is certain to run into a band of ladrones. The remedy suggested is very simple—merely a proclamation with a proviso that after a certain date any Filipino caught armed will be summarily shot. This was the Spanish way for centuries before the Philippine purchase; but the ladrones were never exterminated.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

BUDDHIST FANATICS.

Build Their Own Funeral Pyres and Then Set Them Ablaze.

It is known that the Buddhistic monks or bonzes, in order to move the hearts of their coreligionists, will inflict the severest bodily chastisement upon themselves and even mutilate their members. Their fanatical zeal and their desire to enter into the bliss of the nirvana at times drive them even to suicide.

On the island of Patu is found a high cliff from which those priests and monks who are ambitious to attain the holiness of Buddha hurl themselves into death. Others seek to secure the same end by ascending a funeral pyre which they set on fire with their own hands.

The majority of the bonzes consist of men who become clerics against their will. As children of poor families they are sold into the monasteries to be educated for the priesthood. Sometimes, however, Chinamen enter the order, and these are the ones who as a rule furnish the candidates for self cremation.

Several years ago announcement was made that on a certain day a young priest from the cloister of "the mount of the spirits" would burn himself alive. The faithful of both sexes who desired to attend the ceremony were urged to be present in good time and were asked not to forget to bring something along as a gift to the zealous ecclesiast.

When the multitude arrived at the cloister, another bonze, jealous of the attention and gifts secured by his colleague, declared that he would burn himself alive and hastened to make his preparations. Two piles of wood were erected, one on each side of the temple, so that those who could not get a good view of the one ceremony could do so of the second.

During the hours preceding the ceremony the candidates for death were surrounded by their relatives and friends and a curious crowd of outsiders who had come to ask of them their influence in the world above. Magnanimously both promised to aid all in their power, permitted themselves to be venerated as true Buddhas and thereby increased the finances of the cloister materially.

Finally the first of the two ascended the pile, erected in the shape of a tent, and lighted it with his own hands, using an ordinary match. Until the flames and smoke made it impossible any longer to behold the monk he could be seen in the flames, singing a sacred hymn and beating the time with a skull carved out of wood.

An hour later the second candidate for death made his debut. He had closely watched his predecessor and coolly entered his own tent of death and passed through the ordeal as the other.

The ashes and bones of the two were carefully gathered and deposited in the cloister of Wen-Chao, where they are preserved as sacred relics.—Milwaukee Germania.

CHOCOLATE TO ORDER.

In Manila the Chinamen Manufacture It While You Wait.

In Manila they make your chocolate while you wait. Right into the house a Chinaman comes with his basket and rolls the crushed cacao bean and sugar, and then makes a supply of chocolate that is sweeter and more palatable and cheaper than the commercial brand sold in the Chicago stores.

When the Chinaman comes, he lays aside his hat and shirt, and, stripped to the waist and barefooted, he begins his work. In the basket is the chocolate or cacao bean, from which the rancid oil has been extracted and which oil long ago has anointed the hair of some Filipino belle or lighted some Filipino home. The beans first come on the board bitter and brackish. With a rolling pin the Chinaman grinds them into a fine powder. This takes time. When it is done, he opens another basket and dips out the sugar for the sweetening and the final mixture. The sugar is what would probably grade "coffee C" if it were in commercial circles. Like the bean, it grows on the island.

Industriously the Chinaman rubs, and gradually the chocolate forms on the bottom of the board and drips off in sticky sweetness into the basket beneath. The family gathers about to sample the product, and the Chinaman stops to smoke a cigarette while judgment is being passed. Cups of the beverage are handed around, and all "taste." If it is not sweet enough, the manufacturer throws more sugar on his board and drops in another pinch of vanilla and cinnamon for the flavoring. When it is "right," he goes to work, and for several hours rubs away at his task. The deposit below the rolling pin is a brown substance that is soft and moist, while above it is to all appearances a dry powder and sugar.—Exchange.

Ceiling or Cieling?

The frequent occurrence of e before i in certain words in manuscripts and printed books of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries in place of the now customary spelling is a feature which has often forced itself on my attention. It seems to me that the modern way is in these older writings comparatively seldom met with. I have observed the following among other instances: Feild, neice, atcheivement, releif, releife, greife; also, as proper names, Feild, Purfeild, Feilding, etc. The causes which have led to the change might furnish an interesting subject for discussion. Cieling is given as an alternative spelling in various dictionaries to which I have referred. In some eighteenth century writings (the Burrell manuscripts, for instance) occurs the word cieled.—Notes and Queries.

Poison In Potatoes.

The Sanitary Home is authority for the statement that potatoes contain a poison known as solanin. New potatoes contain comparatively little of this poison unless they grow above the surface of the ground and have a green skin, when they are generally known to be poisonous. It is not, however, generally known that old potatoes contain much more of this poisonous principle — solanin — and many cases of serious poisoning have occurred in the late summer, when old potatoes were used. In 1892 and 1893 there was almost wholesale poisoning among the troops of the German army. Meyer investigated the case and found in old potatoes kept in a damp place and beginning to sprout 24 times as much solanin as in new potatoes.

Ring Coin.

It is interesting to note that the early Egyptian custom of paying gold in the form of rings has not entirely died out in Africa at the present day and that English merchants trading with the Kongo are quite accustomed to receiving gold in the form of rings, frequently ornamented with the signs of the zodiac in relief.

BIG-HEAD CHILDREN

with long thin necks—you see them in every school—want Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil, to build up their poor little shrunken scrawny bodies.

School will be of no use to them. Something will carry them off.

They have no play in them. There is no fun in playing, when everybody else can run faster, jump further, turn round quicker, and keep on longer.

Big head is no harm; let the body be big too.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	8	@ 8¼
Standard	8	@ 18⅜
Burlaps	6	@ 6⅛
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ lb	11½	@ 14
Sides ℔ lb		@ 8¾
Shoulders ℔ lb	8	@ 8¾
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ lb	7½	@ 8
Shoulders ℔ lb	7	@ 7½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each		@ 1 40
Second-hand machine		@ 1 40
New New York, each		@ 1 45
New City, each		@ 1 45
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 75	@ 7 00
Northern	9 00	@ 14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ lb	20	@ 25
Northern	27	@ 30
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	50	@ 52½
Virginia Meal	50	@ 52½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@ 1 45
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Sperm	18	@ 25
Adamantine	8	@ 11
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	13	@ 14
Dairy Cream	15	@ 16
State	11½	@ 12
COFFEE—℔ lb—		
Laguyra	11	@ 12½
Rio	9½	@ 11
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@ 5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@ 70
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@ 30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@ 15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@ 18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@ 9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@ 14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75	@ 4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7 50	@ 8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@ 3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@ 10
" Extra	4 35	@ 4 50
FLOUR—℔ lb—		
Low grade	3 25	@ 3 50
Choice		@ 3 75
Straight		@ 4 00
First Patent	4 50	@ 4 75
GLUE—℔ lb	10	@ 11
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	58	@ 60
Mixed Corn	55	@ 56
Car-load, in bgs—White		@ 58½
Oats, from store	35	@ 37½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@ 42
Cow Peas		@ 65
HIDES—℔ lb—		
Green salted		@ 6¼
Dry flint	10	@ 11
Dry salt	9	@ 10
HAY ℔ 100 lbs		
No 1 Timothy	90	@ 95
Rice Straw	40	@ 50
Eastern	85	@ 90
Western	80	@ 85
North River		@ 90
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2½	@ 2¾
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	6¾	@ 8¾
North Carolina	9	@ 10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@ 1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@ 20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@ 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@ 22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@ 15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@ 25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@ 28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@ 30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@ 32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@ 14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@ 15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@ 25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@ 2 35
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess		@ 14 50
Rump		@ 14 25
Prime		@ 14 25
ROPE, ℔ lb	11	@ 22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@ 1 25
Liverpool	90	@ 95
American	90	@ 95
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@ 63
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd	5½	@ 5¾
Standard A		@ 5⅝
White Extra C		@ 5⅜
Extra C, Golden		@ 5¼
C Yellow		@ 4⅞
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½	@ 4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@ 14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@ 10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@ 19 00
Common mill	4 00	@ 5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@ 6 00
Prime mill	6 50	@ 7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@ 9 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25	@ 5 00
" Sap	3 00	@ 3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25	@ 2 50
" Sap	1 50	@ 1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@ 2 10

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Stmr Seabright, Price, Shallotte, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 5, 1901.

SCHOONERS.

Chas C Lister, 367 tons, Robinson, George Harriss, Son & Co.
James C Clifford, 358 tons, Sharpley, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Cora M, 137 tons, Mitchell, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Senator Sullivan, 654 tons, Hopkins, consigned to master.
Preference, (Br), 243 tons, Terfry, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Robert A Snyder, 358 tons, Outten, Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Buckminster, 1,297 tons, Brown, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Chalfield, (Br) 1,904 tons, Hill, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Angelo Castellano, (Ital) 489 tons, Muojo, Heide & Co.
Victor, (Nor) 614 tons, Ostrik, Heide & Co.

BRIGS.

Iona, (Br), 196 tons, Barkhouse, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Jones, Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Don't Be A Fool.

Go to R. R. Bellamy's and get a bottle of Goose Grease Liniment. It cures croup and coughs like magic, and all pains.
nov 13 6m

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, January 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 37 cents per gallon for machine made casks at 36½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.30 per barrel for hard, $2.30 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.15@1.20; tar steady at $1.25; crude turpentine firm at $1.60@$2 90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	40
Rosin	194
Tar	105
Crude turpentine	53

Receipts same day last year.—75 casks spirits turpentine, 598 bbls rosin, 107 bbls tar, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6 15-16	cts ℔ lb
Good ordinary	8 5 16	" "
Low middling	8 15-16	" "
Middling	9⅝	" "
Good middling	9 11 16	" "

Same day last year middling steady at 7⅛c.

Receipts—312 bales; same day last year, 864.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c, Virginia—Prime 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm, 58 to 60 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 12½c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 9c; sides, 7 to 8c.

EGGS—Dull at 15 to 18 cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@25 cents; springs, 10@15 cts.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 9 to 10c; dressed, 12½ to 14c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25 cents.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50 cents

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Money on call easier at 3½@5 per cent., last loan being at 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4¼@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486⅛@486¼ for demand and 482½@482¼ for sixty days. Posted rates were 483 and 487. Commercial bills 481¼@481⅜. Silver certificates 64⅛@65. Bar silver 63⅜. Mexican dollars 49⅜. Government bonds irregular. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S refunding 2's reg'd, 105; U. S. refund'g 2's, coupon, 1 05¼; U. S. 3's, reg'd, —; U.S. 3's, reg'd, 109⅛; do. coupon, 110; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 137; do. coupon, 137; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 114; do. coupon, 114¼; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 112½; do. coupon, 112¾; Southern R'y 5's 111⅞. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 85; Chesapeake & Ohio 41⅜; Manhattan L 113⅜; N. Y. Central 144¼; Reading 28; do. 1st pref'd 61⅞; St. Paul, 158⅛; do. pref'd, 190; Southern Railway 21⅛; pref'd 71¼; American Tobacco, 113⅜; do. pref'd 138; People's Gas 104; Sugar 140⅞; do. pref'd 118; T. C. & Iron 63⅝; U. S. Leather 13⅛; do. preferred 76¼; Western Union 83⅛. Standard Oil 796@800

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Rosin steady. Strained common to good $1 75. Spirits turpentine firmer at 40@40½c.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 36½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37c; sales 150 casks; receipts 102 casks; exports 100 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales — barrels; receipts 2,687 barrels; exports 300 barrels.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 3.—Rosin—Receipts 550 barrels; exports to Belfast 750 barrels. Spirits turpentine—Receipts 70 casks.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, January 4.—The undercurrent of sentiment in the cotton market to-day was bullish throughout and the efforts of the bears were entirely directed to the straightening up of accounts. While investment speculation was nothing to boast of, considerable new buying was recorded and the South, from opening to closing, was a conspicuous supporter of the Spring and Summer months. On the first call prices declined one to five points in response to disappointing Liverpool cables and in keeping with foreign selling orders. Low prices brought out speculative buying and local covering and in a short time quotations were up six to eight points and for the rest of the session the general tendency of variations, though sluggish, was upward. Liverpool rallied slightly. The local market derived considerable fresh strength at mid day from small estimates for to morrow's receipts. Covering and Wall street buying increased the advance. Still later the market forged higher on general buying, based on small week end "in-sight" figures. A flurry of profit taking cut down the advance several points near the close, but on the reaction there was nothing in the way of bear speculation noted. The close was barely steady, with prices net three to fourteen points higher.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4 Cotton dull; middling uplands 10¼c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady: January 9.80, February 9.59, March 9.55, April 9.52, May 9.51, June 9.48, July 9.44, August 9.14, September 8.67, October 8.27.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 10¼c; middling gulf 10½c; sales 50 bales.

Net receipts 1,582 bales; gross receipts 1 589 bales; exports to the Continent 1,100 bales; stock 90,179 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 30,592 bales; exports to Great Britain 19,813 bales; exports to France 5,500 bales; exports to the Continent 3,323 bales; stock 971,903 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 175,658 bales; exports to Great Britain 77,832 bales; exports to France 9,515 bales; exports to the Continent 78,252 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 4,628,551 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,696,886 bales; exports to France 374,518 bales; exports to the Continent 1,205,529 bales.

January 4.—Galveston, firm at 9 9 16c, net receipts 1,481 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9⅝c, net receipts 2,035 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 10c, net receipts 430 bales; Boston, dull at 10⅛c, net receipts 759 bales; Wilmington, firm at 9⅝c, net receipts 312 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 10½c, net receipts 861 bales; Savannah, quiet at 9⅝c, net receipts 1,731 bales; New Orleans, firm at 9⅝c, net receipts 11,318 bales; Mobile, quiet at 9⅜, net receipts 418 bales; Memphis, firm, 9 9-16, net receipts 1,524 bales; Augusta, firm at 9⅝c, net receipts 85 bales; Charleston, firm at 9⅜c, net receipts 375 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Flour was quiet and held with more confidence at old prices. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 82⅛c f. o. b. afloat. Options, after a steady opening, manifested a bullish tendency and throughout the session, advanced steadily on active buying for both accounts, partly Wall street. Other factors in the rise were export rumors, better cables than expected, small Argentine shipments, renewed flour demand in the Northwest and estimates for a decrease in Monday's visible supply. Closed firm at ⅝@1c net higher: No 2 January closed 80⅞; March closed 82⅛c; May closed 80⅝c. Corn—Spot dull; No. 2 45⅛c at elevator. Options were generally firm and higher all day on steadiness abroad, small receipts, poor grading, the jump in wheat and active covering. Closed firm at ¼@½c net advance. January closed 44⅛c; May closed 43⅛c; July 43⅛c. Oats—Spot firm; No. 2 28⅛c. Options inactive but nominally steady. Lard firm; Western steam $7 45; refined firm; continent $7 65; South American $8 25; compound 5⅝@5⅞c. Butter steady; Western creamery 17@25; factory 11⅛@16c. Rice firm. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 26@28c at mark, for average lots; Western regular packing 22@26c. Cheese firm; fancy large, fall made 11¼@11½c; small fancy, fall made 11⅞@12c. Pork firm; family $14 50@15 00; short clear $14 50@17 00; mess $12 75@13 25 Petroleum steady. Tallow firm. Potatoes firm; Jersey $1 25@1 75; New York $1 50@1 87½; Long Island $1 50@2 00; Jersey sweets $1 75@2 00. Molasses steady. Cotton seed oil was firmer on scarcity of offerings, but not active, the strength applying chiefly to nearby deliveries. Sales included: Prime crude, in barrels, 26c; prime summer yellow 29c; off summer yellow 28@28½c; prime white 33½@34c; prime winter yellow 36c; prime meal $24 00. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 7c; mild quiet; Cordova 9⅜@13⅛c. Sugar—Raw steady but quiet; fair refining 3⅞c; centrifugal, 96 test 4⅜c; molasses sugar 3⅝c; refined dull.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Light receipts, a better cash demand and more cheerful flour news were factors in advancing wheat to day. May closing 1½c over yesterday. Corn closed ⅛@¼c and oats ½c higher. Provisions at the close were 5 to 17½ improved.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4 —Cash quotations: Flour quiet and steady. Wheat—No 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 65@72⅛c; No. 2 red 75@78c. Corn—No. 2, 36⅛c. Oats—No. 2 23⅛@24c; No. 2 white 26⅛@26⅝; No. 3 do. 25⅛@26⅛. Pork, per barrel, $13 00@13 10. Lard, per 100 lbs, $7 00@7 02½ Short rib sides, loose, $6 55@6 85. Dry salted shoulders, $5 87½@6 12½. Short clear sides, boxed $7 05@7 12½. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 27

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 73⅛, 74⅛, 73, 74⅛c; February 74⅛, 75⅛, 74⅛@74⅞, 75⅛c; May 76⅛@76⅞, 77⅞, 76⅛, 77⅛c. Corn—January 35⅛@36, 36⅛, 35⅞, 36⅛c; February 36⅛, 36⅛@36⅛, 36⅛@36⅛, 36⅛c; May 37@37⅛, 37⅝@37⅞, 37, 37⅛@37⅛ Oats—January 22⅞@22⅛, 22⅞, 23⅛, 22⅞; May 24⅛@24⅛, 24⅞, 24⅛, 24⅛c. Pork, per bbl—January $13 05, 13 07½, 12 95, 12 05; May $16 05, 13 20, 13 00, 13 15. Lard, per 100 lbs—January $6 97½, 7 02½, 6 97½, 7 00; May $7 15, 7 17½, 7 15, 7 15. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $6 67½, 6 75, 6 67½, 6 70; May $6 80, 6 82, 6 75, 6 80.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, January 4, 4 P. M — Cotton—Spot, moderate demand; prices 1-16d lower; American middling fair, 5 15 16d; good middling 5⅝d; middling 5 17 32d; low middling 5 11 32d; good ordinary 5 3 32d; ordinary 4 27 32d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 6,900 bales American. Receipts 10,000 bales, including 4,900 American.

Futures opened easy and closed steady. American middling (l. m. c.) January 5 25 64@5 26 64d seller; January and February 5 22 64@5 23 64d buyer; February and March 5 19 64@5 20 64d buyer; March and April 5 17 64d seller; April and May 5 14-64@5 15 64d seller; May and June 5 12-64d seller; June and July 5 9 64d buyer; July and August 5 6 64@5 7 64d buyer; August and September 4 57 64d value.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—154 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—142 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 124 barrels rosin, 29 barrels tar, 8 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—3 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels rosin, 12 barrels tar, 39 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & N. Railroad—16 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—26 barrels tar.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—13 casks spirits turpentine, 68 barrels rosin, 38 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—Cotton, 312 bales; spirits turpentine, 40 casks; rosin, 194 barrels; tar, 105 barrels; crude turpentine, 53 barrels.

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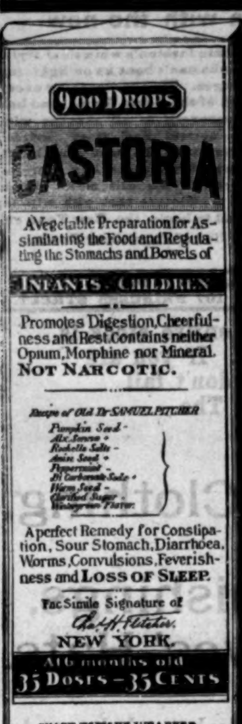
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begins to-morrow and there are rich prizes for those who don't delay. Everything not necessary to keep our regular stock up to regular dimensions has been marked at figures a third and a half less than usual prices. These items should prove irresistably attractive.

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Bell 'Phone 115. jan 1 tf



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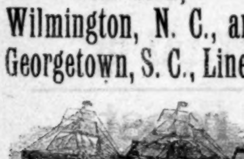
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The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA .... Saturday, Jan. 5
SAGINAW .... Saturday, Jan. 12

From Wilmington for New York.

SAGINAW .... Saturday, Jan. 5
ONEIDA .... Saturday, Jan. 12

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

SAGINAW .... Tuesday, Jan. 1
ONEIDA .... Tuesday, Jan. 8

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers

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For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York.

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A FAMOUS SEA FIGHT

FARRAGUT'S GREATEST VICTORY AND HOW HE WON IT.

The Story of the Battle of Mobile Bay, In Which the Great Admiral Fearlessly Sailed Over the Mines Planted in the Harbor.

On the night of Aug. 4, 1864, the Union fleet rode at anchor outside the harbor of Mobile. The defenses of the bay were formidable and carefully devised. The only deep water channel for the passage of ships lay directly under the guns of Fort Morgan, the waters of the bay being for the most part shallow. Across the entrance, from Fort Gaines to the edge of the deep channel, the Confederates had driven a double line of stakes and in the channel itself they sunk a triple row of torpedoes and submarine mortar batteries.

Within the harbor and above Fort Morgan lay the Confederate fleet, commanded by Admiral Buchanan. Consisting of three gunboats and the ironclad ram Tennessee. It was small in point of number, but formidable from the strength of the Tennessee, an improvement on the Merrimac and the most powerful ironclad constructed in the south.

Against this array of forts, vessels and submarine mines, Admiral Farragut commanded a fleet of 21 wooden vessels and four monitors.

Every preparation having been made for the approaching battle, Admiral Farragut, in the silent watches of the night, went below into his cabin, as Nelson had done before him at Trafalgar, and wrote to his wife, "I am going into Mobile in the morning, if God is my leader." At half past 5 next morning while the admiral was quietly breakfasting, he said to his fleet captain, "Well, Drayton, we might as well get under way," and an hour later the line of battle moved slowly into the bay. Lashed together two by two, the vessels sailed in pairs, a smaller with a larger ship, the Brooklyn leading the column and followed by Farragut's flagship, the Hartford. Ahead, in single file, went the four monitors, led by the Tecumseh.

Farragut had ordered himself lashed to the rigging close under the maintop, from where he could clearly see the progress of the battle. The Tecumseh fired the first two shots and was the first to attempt the dangerous crossing of the line of torpedoes. The monitor had singled out the Tennessee and was bearing down upon her. She was within a hundred yards of the Confederate ram, when a sudden explosion was heard, and the Tecumseh, having struck a torpedo, plunged headforemost, with her colors still flying, to the bottom of the channel.

The critical moment of the fight had now come. The wooden vessels backed upon one another and became entangled in what seemed to be inextricable confusion. The line of battle was doubled up in the most dangerous part of the passage; the ships were at the mercy of the guns of the fort and the enemy's vessels.

The brilliant daring of Farragut in this crucial test, his prompt decision and bold action were the qualities that won the day at Mobile, as they were on that May day when Dewey entered the harbor of Manila.

Seeing that the Brooklyn wavered after the terrible disaster of the Tecumseh, the admiral signaled, "What's the trouble?" The answer came, "Torpedoes ahead!" Then followed Farragut's famous reply, which will go down in history: "—— the torpedoes! Go ahead. Four bells (full speed)."

The admiral's flagship, the Hartford, now took the lead. On she went, full speed, straight for the line of torpedoes. Complete silence fell upon the crew as the flagship passed the fatal line. A scraping sound was heard against the copper bottom of the vessel, but no explosion followed, and as the warship cleared the submarine defenses with flying colors, the victory was practically won. After a short delay the other vessels followed their admiral across the line and up into the bay.

During all this time the Union ships had been exposed to a galling fire from the forts and the gunboats, answering with their own formidable broadside and moving in a very storm of shot, which inflicted heavy losses and great damage.

Fort Morgan and the line of torpedoes had been bravely passed, the Confederate gunboats had surrendered or taken to flight, and the various vessels of Farragut's fleet were brought to anchor around the flagship in the upper part of the bay. At this stage of the conflict Admiral Buchanan made his great error. Instead of remaining under the protecting batteries of Fort Morgan he brought the Tennessee up the bay, inviting a single handed fight with the whole Union fleet. It was a charge of splendid daring, but ill advised and purposeless.

Farragut's men had been leisurely eating their breakfast and clearing their decks from the debris of the battle, expecting several hours of quiet, when the warning cry, "The ram is coming!" ran through the ranks. Instantly the order was given, "Attack the ram * * * at full speed," and the great ramming struggle began.

Again and again the big wooden vessels charged, bows on, and struck the enemy's ironclad. Blow followed blow and still the Tennessee stood impregnable. The shot of the broadsides glanced harmlessly from her armored sides.

After awhile the monitors joined in the contest, and the continuous hammering was kept up while shot after shot shook the great frame of the Tennessee. At last the rudder chains were shot away, the smokestack was broken, the ship became helpless and Admiral Buchanan was wounded in the leg. The command was taken by Captain Johnston, who for 20 minutes longer held out against the fearful pounding, and then, damaged and disabled, the Tennessee ran up the white flag and surrendered.

Thus was the great fight ended and Farragut left master of the bay. Deeds of gallantry and heroism, which aroused the admiration of the entire land, brightened these scenes of horror, and the zeal and skill of the officers, the discipline of the crews and the splendid marksmanship of the gunners brought out the highest commendations from Farragut.

On both sides the courage of the men was only equaled by the remarkable daring of the two admirals. But with Buchanan this amounted to recklessness, with Farragut it was genius.—Jessie Peabody Frothingham in St. Nicholas.

The Evolution of Signs.

Emblematic signs, consisting of tools and utensils of trade, are of a primitive origin and became a necessity in the early ages to inform the illiterate public of the particular business or occupation carried on within. Thus a gilt arm wielding a hammer informs us where the goldbeater lives, and the sign of the golden fleece was the emblematic sign of the draper and tailor. One of the signs originally used exclusively by apothecaries was the well known mortar and pestle, these being implements for compounding drugs.

The ancient custom has not been entirely abandoned, and numerous emblems, such as the watch, the boot and others, are still in vogue in many of our large cities and more especially in the small towns and villages almost everywhere.

At a later period, as art began to advance and develop, there came a gradual and growing demand for pictorial signs, which ever since have become very popular and almost indispensable. Afterward came the inscriptive or written sign of today, which is the adopted standard all over the entire world.—New York Times.

Shave and Hair Cut.

McPhun entered the club a few mornings ago, his chin and cheeks plainly showing that he was freshly emancipated from the hands of the barber.

"Been having a shave, old man?" asked MacKan lazily.

"Yes, and had my hair cut too," was the reply. "Always have my hair cut when I have a shave."

"And how often do you get shaved?" was the languid inquiry.

"Every morning," answered McPhun.

"And have your hair cut, too, every day?" said the other.

"Yes."

"Don't you find it rather expensive?"

"No. Only costs twopence."

"What? Only twopence for a shave and haircutting?"

"That's all. Barber couldn't shave me without cutting my hair, don't you know."—London Telegraph.

A Draft Even There.

Mr. Henry Furniss tells an amusing story of Mr. Justice Hawkins. The learned judge had a horror of drafts and used to close up every cranny in his court, to the great discomfort of everybody. Meeting a brother judge, the latter said: "Oh, Hawkins, I had a frightful dream the other night. I dreamed you were dead and taken to Woking to be cremated. I cost the last train down and bribed an official to let me peep through one of the loopholes of the crematorium. All that I saw was a heap of ashes, but I heard a voice cry out: 'Shut the door, Keating. There's a draft here.'"—London News.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR

CATARRH

IS

Ely's Cream Balm



Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.
It is quickly absorbed.
Gives Relief at once.
It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages
Allays Inflammation.
Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

sep 15 tf sa tu th

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of David D. Southerland, this is to notify all persons indebted to said intestate to make immediate payment to me, and all to whom he was indebted to present their claims to me by or before the 1st day of December, 1901 or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

This 30th November, 1900.

M. F. CROOM,
Administrator David D. Southerland

dec 1 6w sa

THE INFINITIES.

Time and Space and Number flow
Ever onward; none shall know
Whence they come or where they go.

None shall know; they will not bend
Their majestic course nor blend,
Infinite, with things that end.

None shall know; the mind may sound
Dreaming voids and find no bound
To the wall-less prison round.

Winding sheet of woven shade,
None shall e'er thy word evade;
None shall know; 'tis thou hast said.

None, unless man, too, may climb
Clear of bounds till Thought sublime
Conquer Number, Space and Time.
—Curtis Hidden Page in Century.

AN AFFABLE HIGHWAYMAN.

A Traveling Man's Story of a Night Ride In Louisiana.

"I once saved $1,800 and my gold watch by giving a highwayman two drinks of whisky at just the proper time," said Bassell Howell of Rochester at the Coates House.

"It happened several years ago, when I was selling office furniture in Louisiana, and one night I missed a ferryboat on the Mississippi river and had to take a 20 mile drive in the dead of night through St. Landry parish. I went to the livery stable in a great rush just before midnight. I had to be in Opelousas, La., by early morning, and I was anxious to get started. The keeper of the livery stable said to me in reply to my demand for a rig:

"'Yes, you can have the horse and buggy, but I don't know who you'll get to drive you over there. It's a pretty rough country.'

"After much difficulty I found a negro who was willing to make the drive. There was no doubt about the roughness of the road. There were lumps of rock and other kinds of lumps, and part of the way lay through a heavily wooded country. The night was black as pitch. My driver carried on a cheerful conversation about men who had been waylaid, robbed and murdered along this very road, and I hid my $1,800 in an inside pocket.

"Suddenly there were a shout and a curse, and our horse was stopped by a rough hand at the bridle. I remember that I shivered and that the driver grew limp and dropped the reins. But I had been dealing with country politicians, and I put on my jollying clothes from force of habit.

"'See here, old man,' I said in my heartiest manner, 'let's have a drink!'

"I pulled out my whisky bottle and held it up where the light of his lantern shone on it. He recognized the red color of the real stuff, and he stepped up to the wagon and took the bottle from my hand. The long pull which he took worked a change in the man. He seemed to be a pretty good fellow. He accepted my invitation to climb up into the buggy, and he rode along with me. I kept him busy with conversation.

"The sky in the east began to grow gray, and we were nearing the town of Opelousas. The highwayman realized this, and he made a demand for my money. I pulled $3 out of my pocket.

"'Here, take it,' I said; 'it's all I have, but you'd better have another drink before you go.'

"He looked at me, and I looked back at him frankly. During our short ride I had established a quick friendship. He seemed to think that it was unfair to take the last cent from a friend. So he took another drink, handed me back the bottle and jumped from the buggy.

"'You're a good fellow, friend,' he shouted. 'Goodby.'

"And he disappeared in the woods."—Kansas City Journal.

Intuition.

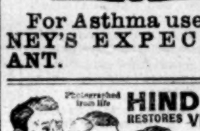
Intuition is decidedly strong in woman. No man, we are confident, is able to know, except by hearsay or by turning around, how many times the feathers in a hat four pews behind him have been pressed over.—Detroit Journal.

Curious.

Sillicus—Women are all curious.

Cynicus—And yet the most curious thing in the world is a woman who has no curiosity.—Philadelphia Record.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.



HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory. Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN D'HARRA, Paris

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

Bowdlear's Floor Wax.



PATENTED.

If you you cannot obtain this Wax in your own town, we will send you prepaid, the quantity you may require, on receipt of 50 cts. per pound. Payable in stamps.

Pulverized. For Dancing Floors; will not ball on the feet; will not soil the clothing. All ready. Anybody can apply it.

The floor must be clean and free from oil. Sprinkle, and the dancers will do the rest. Put up in pound packages.

One pound is sufficient for a floor space of 10,090 square feet, and if not wasted will be found to go four times as far as anything else on the market.

No Dust is Another Favorable Feature.

Samples Sent on Request.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO., 149 Pearl Street. - - Boston, Mass.

dec 18 6m tu th sa

Derivation of the Word Sunday.

The word "Sabbath" is a Hebrew term for a period as well as quality of time and means "rest." In the Bible it is used only with this meaning. Periods of one year or of seven years were thus characterized. Every seventh day was observed by the Hebrews as a weekly "Sabbath." In addition to this day others were appointed in which the obligation to cease from labor was as binding as the observance of the weekly "Sabbath." "Sunday" is so named from the day which was dedicated to the worship of the sun. Christian nations observe it as their "Sabbath," but "Sabbath" is not "Sunday."—Mary E. M. Richardson in Woman's Home Companion.

"You Should Smoke."

"When you enter on a discussion which may lead to vehement remarks," said Bismarck, "you should smoke. With regard to the mental condition it does not deprive us of our intellectual capacity, but it produces a state of kindly repose. The eye is occupied, the hand is engaged, the organ of smell is gratified—one is happy. In this state one is very disposed to make concessions, and our business, that of diplomatists, continually consists in the making of mutual concessions."—"Bismarck's Table Talk," by C. Lowe.

A Large Rat.

There was once killed in England a rat which holds the record for size. He was gray as a badger, weighed 2¾ pounds and measured 20 inches from the tip of his nose to the tip of his tail.

China's Aristocracy.

The population of China is estimated at 803,000,000, and of these some 40,000 are direct descendants of Confucius, who lived 500 years before Christ. They are 70 generations removed from the founder of the Confucian religion and constitute the aristocracy of China.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.



WILMINGTON, N. C., December 29 h, 1900.

The Board of Directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company have declared a dividend of one per cent. on the Common Stock of that Company, payable to all holders of record of December 31st, 1900, dividend due and payable at the Treasurer's Office, Wilmington, N. C., January 10th, 1901. Transfer books will stand closed from December 31st, 1900, to January 10th, 1901.

JAMES F. POST, Secretary and Treasurer.

dec 29 2w

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too,
As well as shampoo.

GUION & DAVIS, 7 South Front street.

P. S.—Brush the gentleman cap a pie.

au 28 tf

Our January Clearing Sale.

We are now pushing our goods to a finish

The Bargains we Have to Offer:

Our fine new style Ladies Cloaks as low as $1.50 to 10.00. Our $10.00 Cloaks are on sale at $7.50; our $5.00 Silk Plush Capes are now $3.98; our $5 tan, black and blue Jackets are $4. A big line new Corsets cheap. Warner's best Health Nursing Corset, worth $1.00, half price, 50c. The Royal Nursing Corset, worth 50c, now 29c. Infants' fine Silk and Wool Underbody at less than half price—from 25 to 39c. Three thousand yards of Sea Island 1 yard wide Percale, in remnants, at 5c per yard. Fruit of the Loom Bleaching, ten yards to each customer, at 7c. Masonville and Andres Scoggin at 7c, ten yards to each customer. Splendid Sea Island Sheeting at 5c. The very best A. C. A. Feather Proof Bed Tick, I sold at 15c, now 12½c. Fifty-four inches wide all wool Suiting for Ladies' Skirts and Men's and Boys' Clothing, at 50c, worth 90c.

NEW NECKWEAR CHEAP.

Fine Silk Bows at 5 and 10c. The Hand Bows, worth 25c, my price 15c. Gent's full Silk Teck Ties as low as 10c. I have the best line of Silk Four-in-Hand Ties in the city, for 25 and 50c. My stock of fine Wool Blankets must be sold. I have a good five-pound, heavy, double, gray, part wool Blanket as low $1.25. 11-4 six-pound Blanket as low as $1.50. My heavy cheap Blankets as low as 85c a pair. Gray and white 10-4 full size, as low as 69c a pair. My leader, the Elkin Mills Blanket, all Rose Wool Blankets—10-4 $3.60, 11-4 $5.00—are the best Blankets in the city, and I ask a comparison before you buy. I want to sell out this line and will make special prices on them.

I have a few Toys left and will sell them for New York Cost.

I have a big stock of fine Dolls, Tool Chests, Chairs, Tables, Writing Desks, Fancy China, Doll Carriages and Go-Carts, all at cost. I need the room for my coming Spring stock, and sell goods cheaper now than ever before. I have a big drive in Handkerchiefs. A Child's colored border Handkerchief at 2c each. A Ladies' pure all Linen Handkerchief at 5c. Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 10c. Gent's large Silk Mufflers at 12½, 18, 25, 50 and 98c each. The best line of 10c Hosiery in the city. Double knees and double soles at 10c—all sizes from 5 to 9½. Warranted fast black.

Remember to get your card punched. I have given away at least 500 presents this Xmas times, and still have more. I want your trade, and am selling goods cheaper to-day than ever before. Come to the BIG RACKET and buy your goods from headquarters and get a present FREE.

208-210 North Front Street, Near the Postoffice.

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

PROPRIETOR.

dec 30 tf

The Particular Man is . . .

THE MAN WE DELIGHT IN PLEASING IN FOOTWEAR—

as to style, shape, material and workmanship. We have in our salesroom and in transit the swellest line of Men's Dress Shoes ever shown in the city, and at prices that are sure to please.

AN INSPECTION OF OUR SHOES WILL PROVE OUR ASSERTIONS.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

dec 29 tf

Statement of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At close of business, Dec. 13th, 1900, condensed from Report to Corporation Commission.

RESOURCES.		*LIABILITIES.*	
Loans and Discounts	$668,105 63	Capital	$ 25,000 00
Real Estate	3,000.00	Profits—less expenses and taxes paid	27,799 98
Furniture and Fixtures	100.00	Deposits	632,666.50
Burglar Proof Safety Deposit Boxes	100.00		
Cash on hand and due from city banks	69,055 44		
Due from out of town banks	5,105.40		
	$685,465.47		$685,466.47

Interest paid to depositors 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

jan 1 tf



DON'T

Let another day pass

Without buying one of our "Perfection" Office Calendars.

Turner's North Carolina Almanacs—wholesale and retail. We are ready at all times to meet your requirements in Stationery Supplies for business and social purposes. If you think of opening a new set of books, beginning with the new century, let us supply you. Our prices are right, and you shall have our best service.

C. W. Yates & Co.,

dec 30 tf Book Sellers and Stationers.



All we ask is that you just try one of these

Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 17 tf

We desire To express Our sincere thanks

through your paper to Chief of Fire Department Chas. Schnibben, Capt. W. P. Monroe, and their efficient corps of assistant firemen individually, for the admirable way in which they managed the fire which broke out in our Department Stores at an early hour yesterday morning.

Mercer & Evans Company.

jan 1 tf

Just to Remind You.

Christmas is less than five weeks off,

to say nothing of intervening holidays. Whether one's list of gifts for the holidays be long or short, time and consideration are needed for proper selection. Our patrons are reminded of the near approach of Christmas and of the facilities NOW OFFERED for the deliberate examination of our stock.

It is a pleasure to choose from a stock like ours,

because it contains everything that is new and unique in Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Salad Sets, Lamps, Jardiniers, Fern Dishes, Vases, etc., to say nothing of our very pretty pieces in Libbey's Cut Glass.

Will you let us Fill that order?

O. P. Cazaux & Co.

nov 25 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

GROCERIES.

CLOSE PRICES,
BEST QUALITY,
PROMPT SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
204 and 206 North Water street

feb 11 tf

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jan 3 tf

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

FLORIDA WEST S.A.L. INDIA SHORT LINE

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 25th, 1900.

TRAIN 41 — Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:05 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M., Athens, Ga., 3:43 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No 27 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:30 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6 30 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 8:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:30 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 — Leaves Hamlet at 8:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:25 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:37 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 10.27 P. M; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9 40 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9 00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N.C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 7 tf

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DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE



Schedule In Effect Nov. 25, 1900.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.5 P. M., Warsaw 8.41 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.53 P. M., Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.57 A. M., Richmond 3.35 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 2 45 A. M., Jacksonville 6.30 A. M., St. Augustine 11.1 A. M., Tampa 6.45 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12 05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.42 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.25 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.43 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 8 55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.50 P. M., Petersburg 7.25 P. M., †Norfolk 3.20 P. M., Weldon 9.06 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 5 57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.50 A. M., Sanford 3.20 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.43 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.30 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.29 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M. Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.25 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 P. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.15 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Hope Mills 10.55 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.12 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8 17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.03 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6 45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.06 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.58 P. M., Latta 6.42 P. M., Pee Dee 7.08 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.15 A. M., Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.35 P. M., Manning 6.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 5.40 A. M., †7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.33 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.00 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M. 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12.39 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 1022 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.48 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.05 A. M., Creston 4.54 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.29 P. M., Creston 5.32 P. M., Sumter 6.24 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrive Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leave Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrive Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1.50 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

nov 27 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16,



To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 55	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern........	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City........	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 5.

STATE DEPARTMENT AND THE CHINESE PROBLEM.

Strong Effort Being Made to Secure an Understanding Among the Powers on the Indemnity Question

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The State Department is making a strong effort to secure an understanding among the Powers to serve as a basis of adjustment of the question of indemnity to be paid by the Chinese government. It appears from Mr. Conger's reports that it is hopeless to expect the foreign ministers at Pekin to reach an agreement on this important subject and if the problem is to be solved at all it must be removed from the Pekin council and dealt with by direct diplomatic exchange. Therefore, the State Department is in correspondence with other foreign offices, but the negotiations have not reached a point where a successful termination is in sight. The principal difficulty is believed to be the enormous indemnities demanded by some of the Powers. The Chinese efforts to secure better terms, which tend to protract the negotiations, probably will add considerably to the number. This is because the expense of maintaining the foreign military establishments in China probably will be assessed against the Chinese government and the cost of keeping foreign troops in Pekin at this season of the year and in a country where every necessity of life has to be imported from a distance will make the bill very heavy. It is believed that the bill of Germany will be by far the largest, and it is a significant fact that the German government has allowed its officers on service in China five-fold their regular salaries, an unprecedented rate which the Chinese are expected to pay for.

Apprehensions as to Russia.

A series of regulations has been promulgated by the Russian government for the administration of affairs in Manchuria, which would seem to the officials here to warrant an apprehension that a permanent occupation of that territory with its population of twenty millions, is contemplated. It is believed that some representations either have been or will be made on the subject to the Powers. When the Russia government announced its intention to withdraw its troops from Pekin, it also solemnly declared that "as soon as lasting order shall have been established in Manchuria, and indispensible measures taken for the protection of railway construction, which, according to formal agreement China assured Russia will not fail to withdraw her troops from these territories of the neighboring empire, provided the action of the Powers does not place any obstacle in the way of the measure."

Russian representatives here contend that the conditions laid down in this pledge have not been realized, and they insist that there is nothing in the published regulations which would warrant the assumption that Russia is not acting in perfect good faith in this matter. To clear up any doubt that may remain on this point, however, it is probable that an explicit official declaration from Russia would be invited on this point.

AFFAIRS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Many Small Captures—Insurgent Camps Destroyed—Supplies Seized—Insurgents Are Still Active.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, January 4. — Generals Wheaton and Bates report many small captures, the destruction of insurgent camps, and the seizure of supplies, animals and other necessities.

Among the captures, in Gen. Smith's district, was Colonel Techon, the insurgent Governor of Tarlac.

General Grant is personally in command of a mounted expedition in the mountains of Southern Pampangas which he says is the only locality where the insurgents are in force in his district.

Insurgents entered Gapan and San Isidro, in General Funston's district, during the night and burned a score of houses Their firing was ineffective

General MacArthur has commuted several death sentences of military courts to imprisonment.

The enactment of the school bill has been deferred on account of the desire of the Filipinos to be heard on the bill, as completed It differs radically from the one prepared by Superintendent Atkinson, and endorsed by General MacArthur. The latter appropriated $1,650,000 outright, to be disbursed through Mr. Atkinson under the supervision of General MacArthur. The completed bill directly appropriates only $40,000 and reserves to the commission authority over plans for school houses and also requires Mr. Atkinson to report to both General MacArthur and the commission.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, January 4th, 1901.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 4.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Jan. 4, 1901:

	1901.	1900.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	175,658	149,249
Total receipts to this date.....	4,628,851	4,089,544
Exports for week..	165,599	202,364
Total exports to date	3,276,933	2,707,391
Stock in all U. S. ports	971,903	1,101,101
Stock at all interior towns.....	792,840	788,775
Stock in Liverpool,	682,000	730,000
American afloat for Great Britain	230,000	185,000

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

Do you want 2,000 or 3,000 old newspapers at your own price? If so, call at the STAR office. They make a cheap wrapping paper. †
To City Subscribers.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SOUTHERN STATES' REPRESENTATION.

Another Spirited Struggle in the House Over Olmstead's Resolution.

MET WITH ANOTHER DEFEAT.

It Was Finally Referred to the Census Committee, Where the Opposition Desired It to Go Originally. The Reapportionment Bill.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The House to-day had another spirited struggle over the Olmstead resolution, to investigate the abridgement of the suffrage in certain Southern States with a view of reapportoinment upon the actual basis of suffrage. It was finally referred to the Census Committee, where the opposition desired it to go originally. Some of the Republican leaders were not in sympathy with the resolution and gave their support to the reference on condition that that would be the final outcome. Mr. Olmstead tried to get Mr. Hopkins to agree that the committee would consider the resolution within a week, but the chairman of the Census Committee declined to make any pledge to that effect, although he said the committee always did its duty. The debate upon the resolution was marked by exceeding frankness. Some of the Southern members avowed that the attempt to enfranchise the negro had been a lamentable failure and the action of certain States in legally eliminating the blacks as factors at the polls they said was in the interest of civilization and progress. Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey, in the course of his remarks, asserted that every State in the Union either added to or substracted from the constitutional requirements of voters, and challenged any member to show to the contrary one that did not. After the resolution had been thus disposed of the reapportionment bill was taken up and debated by Mr. Hopkins of Illinois and Mr. Safoth of Colorado. An attempt to agree upon a time for the final vote on the bill failed, although the general impression is that the debate will conclude early next week.

Mr. Burton, Ohio, presented the River and Harbor bill. In order to clear the way for Mr. Olmstead, Pennsylvania, who was seeking recognition, Mr. Graff, Illinois, chairman of the Committee on Claims, after stating that it was apparent that no claim bills could be considered to day (this being the day set aside under the rule for their consideration) asked unanimous consent to postpone the regular order for to day until next week.

Mr. Swanson, Virginia, objected. The Speaker pro tem was then about to recognize Mr. Olmstead, when Mr. Underwood, Alabama, headed him off with the point of no quorum. The House was counted, but there were only 142 members in the hall.

The Speaker was about to direct a call of the House when Mr. Underwood interposed with a motion to adjourn, and the filibuster was on. The vote was taken by ayes and noes. The motion to adjourn was defeated—85 to 103. The Speaker pro tem. held that the pending question was the vote on the question of consideration raised against the Olmstead resolution yesterday. Leaders on both sides had agreed that the resolution should be recommitted. Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, formally proposed that this course be followed. Mr. Olmstead replied that he would consider the proposition after the House had voted to consider the resolution. The roll was called.

The House voted, 103 to 93, to consider the resolution, whereupon Mr. Richardson moved to recommit the resolution to the Committee on Census. Upon Mr. Richardson's motion, Mr. Olmstead demanded the previous question.

Mr. Underwood attempted to interpose a motion to postpone consideration of the resolution indefiniately, but the Speaker ruled this motion out of order. Upon a rising vote the motion for the previous question was not sustained—64 to 73—but Mr. Olmstead immediately demanded the ayes and noes, which were ordered. Several Republicans remained seated both on the motion for the previous question and on the demand for the ayes and noes. Mr. Richardson tried to inter ject a motion to lay on the table but it was ruled out of order.

The action of the minority leaders had angered Mr. Olmstead and instead of acquiescing in the motion to recommit, he had now resolved upon a direct vote upon the adoption of the resolution.

The vote on the previous question was close. Before it was announced Mr. Pearson, North Carolina, who had voted no, changed his vote to aye, stating that he had made the change as he had reason to believe that the resolution would be recommitted. The previous question was ordered—102 to 98. This gave twenty minutes debate on a side.

Mr. Shattuc, Ohio, read a resolution upon the same subject which he introduced and which he said he was willing should go to the Census Committee with the Olmstead resolution. He explained his object was that the reapportionment might be based upon the constitutional provisions.

"Is it the gentleman's idea that the information he seeks to elicit can be obtained for action at this Congress?" asked Mr. Pearson.

"I think so," replied Mr. Olmstead. "I am informed at the Census Bureau that this information will not be available in the next ninety days," stated Mr. Pearson.

Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey, cited the constitutional requirements that voters shall be males, 21 years of age, citizens of the United States, and citizens of the State, and asked if there was any State in the Union in which additional qualifications to vote were required.

"There are ten additional requirements in North Carolina," interposed Mr. Pearson.

"The object of this resolution is to inquire into that subject," said Mr. Olmstead.

Mr. Underwood, of Alabama, made a warm speech in opposition to the resolution. He had hoped, he said, that such a resolution would not appear in the House. The real purpose of the fourteenth amendment had been to enfranchise the negro. It had failed. The fifteenth amendment had been successful for a time, but in the end it had proved a lamentable failure. Both amendments had been mistakes, not only to the Democratic, but to the Republican party. The time had come now, after the bitterness of the war was over, when the people of the South, in fairness and justice to themselves and the negro race, were trying not to oppress the negro race, but only to protect themselves and their property against mal administration; but when gentlemen on the other side brought in this firebrand they did more to injure the black race than anything since the adoption of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments.

Mr. Williams, Mississippi, was exceedingly ironical. He said that of recent years some of the people of the South had listened to the siren voice of the North that sectionalism was dead. They had been warned that as soon as the Republican party grew strong enough it would show the cloven foot. It was doing so now, said Mr. Williams. It was the party of the black man in the South and the enemy of the white man's civilization.

This resolution would pluck the veil from the eyes of those who had been partially deceived. He made an ardent defence of the course of Mississippi and other Southern States.

Mr. Kluts, North Carolina, also defended the action of the Southern States.

Mr. Olmstead then made the motion to refer the measure to the Census Committee, and it was carried without division.

Mr. Hopkins immediately called up the Reapportionment bill. He sought to make an arrangement to vote upon the bill on Monday. A long wrangle followed. Just as it appeared probable that an agreement would be reached to vote on Tuesday, Mr. Mann, Illinois, smashed all prospects by a final objection. Accordingly, Mr. Hopkins opened the debate in favor of his measure. He made a careful explanation of all its features. Mr. Hopkins was besieged with questions.

Mr. Hopkins said the States which were opposing this bill were those which lost representatives under its operation. He claimed that the bill of the minority showed favoritism to Nebraska and Maine, each of which would lose one representative upon the basis of the figures prepared by the director of the census for a House of 386 members. That bill he stamped as highly unfair.

Mr. Snafroth cited the popular assemblage of European parliaments to show that a larger House would not be cumbersome.

At 5 o'clock the House adjourned.

HITCH IN NEGOTIATIONS.

Foreign Ministers in Pekin Meet Almost Daily But Nothing is Decided—The Movements of the Allies.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PEKIN, January 3.—The foreign ministers meet almost daily, but nothing has been decided yet regarding the discussion of details of the demands of the joint note with the Chinese plenipotentiaries. It is probable that the first meeting between the ministers and the Chinese envoys will be held at the Spanish legation.

SHANGHAI, January 4.—The French intend to send a force overland from Toukin to Chen Tu should the Chinese court go there.

"It is reported on the best authority," says the Chinese newspaper, *Chung Wei Jih Pao*, "that a foreign Power, probably the British, will resort to force, first seizing Chu Ran, unless the persons guilty of the massacre of Christians at Chue Now are beheaded."

It is considered possible that Sir Ernest Mason Satow, British minister to China, is moving in the Chue Now affair.

Among the bank notes which the Chinese paid to the foreign consuls as indemnity for the missions destroyed at She Kiung were five pound notes that had been raised to fifteen pound notes, and ten-pound notes that had been raised to one hundred pound notes.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—"Russia," says the Pekin correspondent of the *Daily Mail*, "will demand a huge indemnity for the damage to the Manchurian railway."

THE VENEZUELA TROUBLE.

Advices from Minister Loomis of a Disquieting Character.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Cable advices received at the State Department to day from Minister Loomis are of a disquieting character. The department declines to make public the details, but it is surmised that there is a possibility of resistance on the part of one of the asphalt companies to the legal processes of the Venezuelan government that may result seriously.

The Scorpion has arrived at Laguira, Venezuela, where she will assist Minister Loomis in his mission. This is said at the State Department to be limited entirely to the procurement of a judicial and equitable determination of the existing issues growing out of the asphalt franchise.

WRECKED NEAR TYBEE.

Schooner James Boyce, Lumber Laden, from Savannah—Crew Saved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 4.—The schooner James Boyce, Jr., Captain Allen, lumber laden, sailed for Philadelphia Monday. She encountered bad weather outside and put back into Tybee Roads on Thursday. Thursday evening a gale sprung up. Two anchors were put out. Both cables parted during the night and the schooner was driven on the south breakers. The sea broke over the decks and the crew took to the rigging for nearly ten hours. At 9 o'clock this morning the captain and crew were safely taken off by the tug Paulsen. The vessel may be saved.

LYNCHING IN FLORIDA.

Two Negroes Charged With Murder Hanged by Unknown Persons.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MADISON, FLA., Jan. 4.—Two colored men, Jim Deneson and a half-brother, were taken last night about 1 o'clock from the county jail here by persons unknown, carried into the woods about a half mile from town and hung. The bodies were also riddled with bullets. They are the persons who, a few weeks ago, were charged with the killing of Frederick Redding, a farmer residing in the northern part of this county.

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1900: Galveston, 1,260 341 bales; New Orleans, 1,538,037; Mobile, 104 313; Savannah, 701,168; Charleston, 184, 271; Wilmington, 217,215; Norfolk, 256 378; Baltimore, 30,418; New York, 63,000; Boston, 12,1732 Newport; News, 17,158; Philadelphia, 11 895; Brunswick, 42,433; Port Arthur, 1,500; Pensacola, 68,692—Total 4,628,551 bales.

A Monster Devil Fish

Destroying its victim, is a type of Constipation. The power of this murderous malady is felt on organs and nerves and muscles and brain. There's no health till it's overcome. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

A LONG DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

The Army Reorganization Bill Under Consideration for Five Hours.

SLIGHT PROGRESS WAS MADE.

Debate Took a Wide Range But Confined Principally to Question of Necessity for Increase of Regular Army. A Hot Discussion.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—For five hours to-day the Senate discussed the Army Reorganization bill. The debate took a wide range at times but was confined principally to the question of the necessity for the increase in the regular army provided for in the pending measure.

The Philippine question was threshed over at great length, but few really good points were advanced.

Speeches were made by Senator Carter of Montana, Senator Teller of Colorado, Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, Senator Stewart of Nevada, and Senator Caffrey of Louisiana.

One of the sharpest colloquies of the session was between Senator Carter and Senator Wellington of Maryland.

Senator Hoar advanced a proposition to create a commission, to be composed of all shades of political opinion, to investigate the entire Philippine question and report its findings to Congress in order that a basis might be formed for intelligent action.

Some slight progress was made to ward the completion of the pending measure.

Senator Wellington, Maryland, demanded to know the intention of the administration with reference to the Philippines. If it was to force an annexation of the Philippines then a large army would be necessary. Two campaigns had been fought out and the situation was worse than ever. Senator Wellington was opposed to an increase of the army if the government proposes to try to deprive the Filipinos of self-government.

Senator Carter replied "that the President had no authority to decide what shall be done with the Philippines. "The moment the treaty of peace was ratified" said he, "that moment it became the supreme law of the land. If the President had refused to maintain the sovereignty of the United States there he would have laid himself liable to impeachment."

Senator Wellington contended that the President had already abandoned territory in Alaska over which we had undisputed sovereignty. He said that if the President should be impeached if he relinquished territory in the Philippines, he should likewise be impeached for relinquishing sovereignty in Alaska.

Senator Wellington charged that he had been deceived into voting for the appropriation of $20,000,000 for the purchase of the Philippines, and concluded with the assertion that the United States did not have possession of the islands and could not obtain possession of them with an army of any size.

Senator Carter declared it was the intention of the United States to maintain the laws in the Philippines, to restore order and to protect property. Beyond that point Congress would determine what the ultimate disposition of the islands would be.

Senator Teller, Colorado, sharply criticised the pending measure. "You'll want not 100,000 men," he declared, "but you'll want 200,000, and you will want them for a hundred years. This measure is not intended merely to meet an emergency, but to fix upon the country a great standing army." He attacked the Philippine Commision now in Manila, declaring that its actions were the grossest form of imperialism. "These Americans in the Philippines," he declared, "are strangers to the country and to the people. Under the law they have a right to be there, but under God's law, which is higher, they have no place there at all. Their actions are the worst form of imperialism."

Senator Teller said it was the purpose of the government to apply the Monroe doctrine to Cuba, and that the same doctrine ought to be applied to the Philippines.

Replying to Senator Caffery, Senator Teller said:

"As long as our flag floats in the Philippines archipelago, I will (reluctant as I may be) vote to maintain the army and the flag there."

Senator Hoar suggested a general amendment to the bill looking to the conciliation of the Filipinos, and he expressed the opinion that in time of peace we should have one soldier to each 1,000 of our population. He opposed the bill because of the avowed policy of military control of the Philippines. He quoted the President and naval officers to show that the Filipinos are an intelligent people and added: "The way to prepare for liberty is to set them free."

Senator Caffrey, Louisiana, argued against the pending bill denouncing the creation of a large permanent standing army. Its purpose clearly was to create an army for the extermination of the Filipinos. It was to fasten upon the Philippines a species of tyranny.

The Senate then devoted an hour or more in perfecting the army bill by the adoption of committee amendments to which no objection was raised. The bill was then laid aside. The Senate at 5:20 P. M. went into executive session and at 5:30 adjourned.

MURDER IN MOBILE.

Claude Norden Stabbed to Death on the Street by Oscar Mann.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, ALA., January 4.—This afternoon near the centre of the city Oscar Mann, a painter, killed Claude Norden, a clerk. Norden was reproving an associate for using foul language on the street when Mann reached over his shoulder and thrust a long knife into his jugular. Norden died in about five minutes. Mann was arrested and denies that he cut Norden. The animus of the attack is said to be that Norden has been visiting Mann's divorced wife.

FIRE IN BALTIMORE.

Loss Estimated at $70,000—Fully Covered by Insurance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, January 4.—A fire at 115 and 117 West Baltimore street this afternoon damaged the stock of Silberman & Todes, dealers in notions and furnishing goods, about $50,000, mostly by water. The Roxbury Rye Company, dealers in whiskey, were damaged to the extent of about $10,000, and the loss on the buildings added $10,000 or more. All the losses will be covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A BRUTAL MURDER.

A Young Lady of Morgan County, Ohio, the Victim—The Murderer Will Be Lynched.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MARIETTA, O., January 4.—A brutal crime was committed this evening at Hackney, Morgan county, by which Miss Nellie Morris, aged 19, handsome and accomplished, lost her life. As Miss Morris was returning home from the postoffice she was accosted by Walter A. Weinstock, a young man aged 18 years, who lived near her home. He made indecent proposals to her and she immediately started to run. He threw her to the ground. She screamed and fought. Weinstock drew a razor and severed her neck muscles and laid bare the jugular vein. Miss Morris grabbed the razor and her hands were cut to pieces in her mad efforts. When people arrived she was almost naked. She died shortly after. She was the daughter of Benjamin Morris, a business man of this city and was prominent in society in this city and Parkersburg. Weinstock was grabbed by a crowd, bound and removed to a building where more than fifteen hundred men watched over him. Officers at McConnellsville were sent for. There is talk of lynching him. To-night a mob is being organized to hang Winstock.

IN CAPE COLONY.

A Force of Boers Recrossed the Orange River, Going North.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAPETOWN, Jan 4.—Two hundred Boers recrossed the Orange river going north.

The Russian commandants, Petrowsk, and DuPlooy, were killed in the fighting at Utrecht, December 25th.

COUNT VON WALDERSEE.

German Government Has No Corroboration of His Being Killed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, Jan. 4.—The government has no corroboration of the current rumor that Count Von Waldersee has been killed. He reviewed the British soldiers January 1st.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Glasgow Manufacturing Company, of South Hadley, Mass., is in the hands of receivers. The company owes about $100,000.

James Kelly, colored, was hanged yesterday in Charleston, S. C., for the murder, last August, of Willis Bonneau, an aged negro.

The entire senior class of the Georgia School of Technology has been suspended, for refusal of members to attend recitations December 31st and New Year's day.

A monument erected in honor of Confederates who fell in the Battle of Olustee, was dedicated at Lake City, Fla., prominent military men from all over the State taking part.

The German barque Elsa, from Savannah for Hamburg, before reported spoken damaged and leaking, has arrived at Lowestoft in tow of a tug.

William J. Bryan lectured at Tyler, Texas, last night, to a large audience. It was erroneously reported Thursday that Mr. Bryan had passed through Pensacola, Fla.

It is reported that the battleship Illinois, rapidly nearing completion at the Newport News shipyard, will be ready for her builders', trial trip about the middle of February.

General Batcheider, former quartermaster general of the army, died in Washington yesterday. General Batcheider served with distinction during the war between the States.

State Democratic Chairman Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson has decided not to be a candidate for the nomination of Governor of Virginia before the next Democratic State convention.

A frightful explosion of dynamite occurred in the powder machine house of the Repsuno Chemical Company, at Thomson's Point, N. J. The building was annihilated and three workmen were blown to atoms.

Chairman Burton, of the River and Harbor Committee, has delivered the report on the River and Harbor bill. The number of projects provided for are 408, of which 233 are rivers and 146 harbors.

A Constantinople dispatch says: "In an affray near Ishtib, originating in an attempt to arrest a number of Bulgarians suspected of being emissaries of the Macedonian committee, eight soldiers were killed. The trouble continues.

President Fowler, of the Ray County Bank, Richmond, Mo, says that Cashier John W. Shotwell is missing, and that a State bank examiner is going over the books. Stockholders have subscribed $21,000 to cover any shortages.

Telegrams to the *Post Dispatch* from Nevada, Eldorado Springs and Appleton City, Mo., say a distinct earthquake shock was felt at those points at 9.12 P. M. Thursday. At Eldorado Springs window-panes were broken and other slight damage occurred.

The Bank of Berkely, a private institution, conducted in Berkley, Va., by R. W. Brooks since 1897, failed to open its doors yesterday, Mr. Brooks having made an assignment. The banks liabilities are upwards of $15,000.

Total bank clearings at the principal cities in the United States for the week ended yesterday were $2,309,175,743, or 29.5 per cent. increase as compared with the corresponding week last year. Total outside of New York city, $720,216,671. or 8.4 per cent. increase.

United States Ambassador Choate presented the Hay Pauncefote treaty amendments to the British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the Marquis of Lansdowne, yesterday. No discussion occurred and the nature of Lord Lansdowne's answer is not indicated.

William P. Rockwell, a 15 year-old boy who ran away from his home in Taunton, Mass., and for whom a systematic search was made by his millionaire grandfather, Charles H. Swan, of New York, was found in Jacksonville, Fla., selling lunches in a restaurant. He declares he will not return home.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. †



SYRUP OF FIGS
Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.
Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.
Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS
BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY
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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.
For sale by druggists — price 50¢ per bottle.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Wanted—Two active Men for temporary local position (several weeks). Salary $3 00 per day. Address, Manager, P. O. Box 1987, Philada. jan 5 2t

Wanted—Position to travel—dry goods, groceries, hardware or shoes. Reference given. Address "E," Lyanhoe, N. C. jan 5 2t*

For Sale—House and Lot, corner Seventh and Dawson streets. Six rooms and passage; large lot. Price, $550.00. W. M. Cumming, real estate agent and notary public. jan 5 tf

Wanted—Men to learn Barber trade. Free transportation to our most convenient Colleges, Chicago or New York, where we have two years of apprenticeship by our method of constant practice, expert instructions and lectures. We grant diplomas recognized everywhere, present complete outfit of tools, pay Saturday wages from start and furnish positions when competent. We want 500 men at once, new field, comparatively little expense. Write for catalogue to-day. Moler Barber College Representative, 952 Penn Ave., Pittsburg. jan 1 6t

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Blacksmith and Harness shops Third street, oppos te Court House. F. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

For Rent—Second Floor in building No. 401, northwest corner Front and Walnut streets. Also, Second Floor in building No. 403, next to the northwest corner of Front and Walnut streets. Each floor contains five rooms, kitchen and bath. For terms apply to B. H. J. Ahrens. nov 25 tf

5,000,000 choice cabbage plants and 1,000 barrels smooth Irish Potatoes for sale cheap by W. P. Baugham, Proprietor Cottage Grove and Honey Pod Truck Farm, Washington, N. C. Rush orders along. nov 13 2m

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. M. H., 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 590. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 92 jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches Butter, Chickens, Eggs Bananas, Lemons Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. 1y 1 tf

For Christmas.
Apples, Oranges, Nuts. C. C. Nuts, Candies
In Baskets Buckets and Boxes.
Raisins,
and a full line of
Heavy Groceries.
We also have a few selected Mullets and Mullet Roe left.
Williams Bros.
Dec. 18, 1900. dec 19 tf



Your Running Expenses
for Men's Furnishing Goods will be a great deal less if you buy the right goods at the right place. We are good buyers. We buy at the bottom prices. Our friends tell us that our selection of patterns in Neckwear is most excellent. You can judge that for yourself when you look at the big line of goods we have just received.
VonGlahn & Gibson,
dec 30 tf No 8 North Front street.

.. NOTICE ..
Remember, this is headquarters For every kind of Cakes Bread and Pies. Also, Fireworks.
Warren's
Steam Bakery and Cafe, 22 North Front street.
dec 21 tf

Three Mules For Sale.
ALSO
Guano and Groceries,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
dec 22 tf Wilmington, N. C

Off With the Old and on with the new



is fickle fashion's whimsical style. But she can't beat us on lightning changes. We are watching every mood of the fickle Dame, and bob up seronely in all seasons with the newest and most correct styles and the best and handsomest fabrics for our patrons selection. We will make you a Suit of Clothes that you will be proud to begin the New Year on. Full line of Furnishing Goods.
M. H. CURRAN,
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Remember! A. SHRIER'S entire stock is still going AT COST. If you are looking for Bargains don't fail to see what he has. The stock is still complete. Men's and Boys'
- - - Clothing,
Gent's Furnishings, Shoes, Hawes' Hats.
. . . . Come Early, and do not let this Opportunity Escape Your Memory.
His Shoes are up-to-date in style and finish, as well as everything in his stock.
A. SHRIER,
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A HAPPY NEW YEAR
Is extended to our many friends and patrons, and we wish for them a most prosperous year. Also, trust that by square dealing, giving honest goods and good treatment to all, will merit a continuance of their favors.
We take this occasion to say that
ALL BILLS ARE NOW READY
and a prompt settlement will be appreciated.
Yours, very truly,
A. D. BROWN.
jan 1 tf



A most Fetching Hat
Can be made by skillful fingers, under competent supervision, from very slight materials. That is to say, if you don't feel that you can afford an out-and-out new Hat, and will bring us the frame, at very little additional expense for trimmings, we'll deck you out in what is practically a new and stylish Hat at low cost.
Walking Hat at 25, 48 and 75c. $1.00 Shapes, latest styles, 50c. Everything for Fancy Work. Stamped Linens.
BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.
J. H. Rehder & Co.
FEW HOLIDAY GOODS AT COST.
Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 'Phone 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 00 and up. dec 30 tf

Something Delicious For Breakfast.
LARGE, FAT MACKEREL, SEPTEMBER CATCH..... **12½c each.**
You can't buy them elsewhere for less than 20 cents. They won't last long at this price. Don't wait until they are all gone before sending in your order.
THE KING GROCERY CO.,
Fourth Street Bridge. Both 'Phones 287. J. T. SHOLAR, Manager.
dec 27 tf sat tu th



MARTHA WASHINGTON.
Our Latest for Evening Wear.
Made of Patent Kid, which has the Bright Finish the same as Patent Leather.
As soft to the feet as infants' first Shoes.
SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.
dec 30 tf

Notice to Depositors.
Interest for the quarter ending December 31st, 1900, is now due and payable. Depositors who have had as much as $1.00 on deposit for three months or more, are requested to bring in their pass books at their convenience to have interest entered.
Your attention is called to the fact that deposits made with us at any time will draw 4 per cent. from the first of the month succeeding deposit. Call and get one of our little HOME SAVINGS BANKS, which we lend to our depositors, and the amount you can save will surprise you.
The Guardian Security, Trust and Deposit Co.
(Opposite the Postoffice.)
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 2 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.